

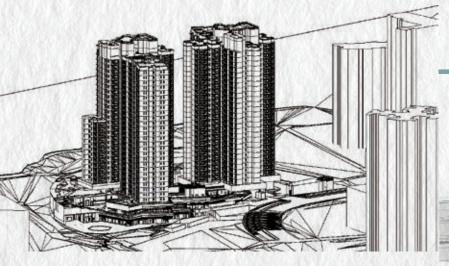
2021/22 财务报表 Financial Statements

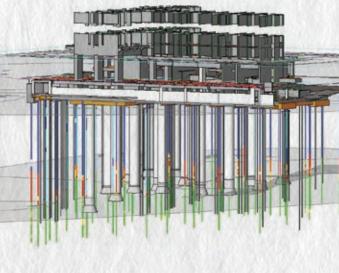
截至2022年3月31日止年度 for the year ended 31 March 2022

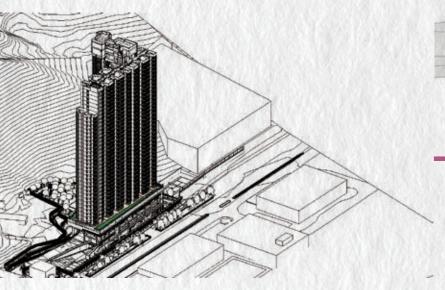


Build a Bright Future









香港房屋委员会 Hong Kong Housing Authority

截至 2022 年 3 月 31 日止年度的财务报表 Financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

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审计署署长报告

Report of the Director of Audit



香港特別行政區政府 審 計 署

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独立审计师报告

意见

我已审计列载于第 5 至 45 页香港房屋委员会的财务报表,该等财务报表包括于 2022 年 3 月 31 日的财务状况表与截至该日止年度的全面收益表、净资产变动表和现金流量表,以及财务报表的附注,包括主要会计政策概要。

我认为,香港房屋委员会的财务报表在各重大方面均按照香港房屋委员会与香港政府之间的财政安排,以及香港房屋委员会通过的会计政策而编制,并已按照《房屋条例》(第 283章)第 14(1)条妥为拟备。财政安排及会计政策的要点载于财务报表附注 1 及 2。

Independent Auditor's Report

Opinion

Audit Commission

I have audited the financial statements of the Hong Kong Housing Authority set out on pages 5 to 45, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

The Government of the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region

In my opinion, the financial statements of the Hong Kong Housing Authority are prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Financial Arrangements with the Hong Kong Government and the accounting policies approved by the Hong Kong Housing Authority, the important features of which are set out in Notes 1 and 2 to the financial statements, and have been properly prepared in accordance with section 14(1) of the Housing Ordinance (Cap. 283).

意见的基础

我已按照《房屋条例》第 14(2)条及审计署的审计准则行审计。我是有明证的责任,详载于审计承担的责任,详载于通过的责任。我是有关的商品,并是有关的。是是有关的审计是证是的。我相适当地方,我们的审计意见提供基础。

香港房屋委员会就财务报表须承担的责任

香港房屋委员会须负责按照《房屋条例》第 14(1)条、香港房屋委员会有意好原本。 香港 医委员会 语 对 政 安 排 , 以 各 财 务 居 委 员 会 通过 的 会 计 政 策 拟 备 财 务 报 表 , 及 落 实 其 认 为 必 要 的 内 部 控 制 , 使 财 务 报 表 不 存 有 因 欺 诈 或 错 误 而 导 致 的 重 大 错 误 陈 述 。

在拟备财务报表时,香港房屋委员会 须负责评估香港房屋委员会持续经营 的能力,以及在适用情况下披露与持 续经营有关的事项,并以持续经营作 为会计基础。

香港房屋委员会下设的财务委员会协助其履行监督财务报告过程的责任。

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with section 14(2) of the Housing Ordinance and the Audit Commission auditing standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of my report. I am independent of the Hong Kong Housing Authority in accordance with those standards, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those standards. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Responsibilities of the Hong Kong Housing Authority for the financial statements

The Hong Kong Housing Authority is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with section 14(1) of the Housing Ordinance, the Financial Arrangements with the Hong Kong Government and the accounting policies approved by the Hong Kong Housing Authority, and for such internal control as the Hong Kong Housing Authority determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Hong Kong Housing Authority is responsible for assessing its ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.

The Hong Kong Housing Authority is assisted by its Finance Committee in discharging its responsibilities for overseeing the financial reporting process.

审计师就财务报表审计而须承担的责任

在根据审计署审计准则进行审计的过程中,我会运用专业判断并秉持专业怀疑态度。我亦会:

- 一 识别和评估因欺诈或错误而导致财 务报表存有重大错误陈远对这一 设计及执行审计程序以应对的审计及 险;以及取得充足和适。由于欺心 险,作为我意见的基础。蓄意遗的 可能涉及串谋、伪造、部控制 。 或凌驾内部控制导致 。 成数,或发现因欺诈而导致者为高;
- 一 了解与审计相关的内部控制,以设计适当的审计程序。然而,此举并非旨在对香港房屋委员会内部控制的有效性发表意见;
- 一评价香港房屋委员会所采用的会计 政策是否恰当,以及其作出的会计 估计和相关资料披露是否合理;及

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Audit Commission auditing standards, I exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control;
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hong Kong Housing Authority's internal control;
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Hong Kong Housing Authority; and

我与香港房屋委员会沟通计划的审计范围和时间以及重大审计发现等事项,包括我在审计期间识别出内部控制的任何重大缺陷。

— conclude on the appropriateness of the Hong Kong Housing Authority's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Hong Kong Housing Authority's ability to continue as a If I conclude that a material going concern. uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Hong Kong Housing Authority to cease to continue as a going concern.

I communicate with the Hong Kong Housing Authority regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

审计署署长 林智远教授

审计署 香港 金钟道 66 号 金钟道政府合署高座 6 楼 2022 年 9 月 29 日 Prof. LAM Chi Yuen Nelson Director of Audit

Audit Commission 6th Floor, High Block Queensway Government Offices 66 Queensway, Hong Kong 29 September 2022

香港房屋委员会

截至 2022年 3月 31 日止年度的全面收益表

(以港币百万元位列示)

HONG KONG HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars)

		附注	2022	2021
		Note		
收入	Income			
租金收入	Rental income	4(a)	20,318	19,446
售楼及补价收入	Sales and premium income	4(b)	13,392	15,757
投资收入	Investment income	4(c)	1,660	5,134
其他收入	Other income	4(d)	414	394
			35,784	40,731
开支	Expenditure			
薪酬	Personal emoluments		4,138	4,221
地租及差饷	Government rent and rates		383	324
维修及改善工程	Maintenance and improvements		4,341	4,178
折旧及摊销	Depreciation and amortisation		5,009	4,808
资助出售单位开支	Expenditure on subsidised sale flats	5	5,464	6,974
其他经常开支	Other recurrent expenditure		6,664	6,307
			25,999	26,812
运作盈余	Operating surplus		9,785	13,919
非运作(开支)/收入净额	Net non-operating (expenditure)/income	6	(12)	43
年内盈余	Surplus for the year		9,773	13,962
其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income			
年内全面收益总额	Total comprehensive income for the year			
	ioi ine yeur		9,773	13,962

第10至45页所载附注为这份财务报表的一部分。

香港房屋委员会 2022年3月31日的财务状况表

(以港币百万元位列示)

HONG KONG HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars)

			2022	2021
		附注 Note		
非流动资产	Non-current assets	1,000		
物业、机器及设备	Property, plant and equipment	7	174,235	165,359
进行中的基本工程/计划	Capital works/projects in progress	8	38,179	35,851
无形资产	Intangible assets	9	219	165
使用权资产	Right-of-use assets	10(a)	45	62 5 221
外汇基金存款 自置居所/置业资助贷款	Placements with the Exchange Fund Home Purchase/Home Assistance Loans	11 12	34,887 2	5,231 6
日且治71/ 且业贝切贝林	Tionic i dichase/fionic Assistance Loans	12	247,567	206,674
流动资产	Current assets			
存货	Inventories	13	15	1,109
应收帐项、按金和预付款项	Debtors, deposits and prepayments	14	1,743	1,684
应从政府收回的款项	Amount due from the Government	23(b)	16	93
外汇基金存款 证券投资和银行存款	Placements with the Exchange Fund Investments in securities and bank deposits	11 15	23,676	32,920 19,166
银行结余和现金	Bank balances and cash	16	349	566
W112017/102077	Built outdirees and easi	10	25,799	55,538
NAME OF THE PARTY.				
流动负债	Current liabilities			
应付帐项、按金和其他应付款项	Creditors, deposits and other payables	17	9,166	7,143
应付予政府的款项	Amount due to the Government	23(c)	1,605	1,900
租赁负债	Lease liabilities	10(b)	22	31
拨备及其他负债	Provisions and other liabilities	18	2,480 13,273	2,616 11,690
			13,273	11,090
流动资产净额	Net current assets		12,526	43,848
扣除流动负债后的资产	Total assets less current			
总额	liabilities		260,093	250,522
JL 15-12-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-	MT			
非流动负债	Non-current liabilities			
租赁负债	Lease liabilities	10(b)	26	35
拨备及其他负债	Provisions and other liabilities	18	729	691
资产净额	Net assets		259,338	249,796
上列项目包括:	Representing:			
政府的永久资本	Government's permanent capital	1(a)	13,489	13,489
政府的资助	Government's contribution	19(a)	5,454	5,454
资本储备	Capital reserve		12	12
累积盈余	Accumulated surplus	6.0	152,902	146,212
房屋建设工程基金	Housing Capital Works Fund	20 21	49,228	47,018
发展基金	Development Fund	21	38,253	37,611
950000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 0		259,338	249,796
1	. / /			

何永贤 香港房屋委员会主席 2022年9月29日 Ms Winnie HO

Chairman of the Hong Kong Housing Authority

29 September 2022

第10至45页所载附注为这份财务报表的一部分。

香港房屋委员会 截至 2022年 3 月 31 日止年度的净资产变动表

(以港币百万元位列示)

HONG KONG HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars)

		政府的 永久资本	政府的 资助	资本 储备	累积盈余	房屋建设 工程基金	发展基金	总额
		Government's permanent capital	Government's contribution	Capital reserve	Accumulated surplus	Housing Capital Works Fund	Development Fund	Total
2020年4月1日结余	Balance at 1 April 2020	13,489	5,454	12	136,511	47,630	33,128	236,224
年内全面收益总额	Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	13,962	-	-	13,962
年内付予政府的红利	Dividend to the Government for the year	-	-	-	(390)	-	-	(390)
转拨	Transfers	-	-	-	(3,871)	(612)	4,483	-
2021年3月31日结余	Balance at 31 March 2021	13,489	5,454	12	146,212	47,018	37,611	249,796
2021年4月1日结余	Balance at 1 April 2021	13,489	5,454	12	146,212	47,018	37,611	249,796
年内全面收益总额	Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	9,773	-	-	9,773
年内付予政府的红利	Dividend to the Government for the year	-	-	-	(231)	-	-	(231)
转拨	Transfers	-	-	-	(2,852)	2,210	642	-
2022年3月31日结余	Balance at 31 March 2022	13,489	5,454	12	152,902	49,228	38,253	259,338

第 10 至 45 页所载附注为这份财务报表的一部分。

香港房屋委员会 截至 2022年 3 月 31 日止年度的现金流量表 (以港币百万元位列示)

HONG KONG HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

(Expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars)

			2022	2021
		附注 Note		
运作活动的现金流量	Cash flows from operating activities			
年内盈余	Surplus for the year		9,773	13,962
调整:	Adjustments for:			
投资收入	Investment income	4(c)	(1,660)	(5,134)
拆售零售及停车场设施的开支回拨	Reversal of expenditure on divestment of retail and carparking facilities	6	(3)	-
租赁负债利息支出	Interest expense on lease liabilities		1	1
物业、机器及设备的折旧	Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		4,918	4,717
无形资产摊销	Amortisation of intangible assets		111	119
使用权资产的折旧	Depreciation of right-of-use assets		29	29
已售租者置其屋计划单位的折余价值	Written down value of Tenants Purchase Scheme flats sold		148	49
已拆卸租住屋邨的折余价值	Written down value of rental estates demolished		3	1
调整资本开支	Adjustment of capital expenditure		2	2
自置居所/置业资助贷款的减少	Decrease in Home Purchase/Home Assistance Loans	S	6	7
自置居所/置业资助贷款减值 拨备的减少	Decrease in impairment allowance for Home Purchase/Home Assistance Loans		(1)	(2)
兴建中资助出售单位(住宅)物业的增加	Increase in subsidised sale flats (Domestic) properties under development		(4,859)	(36)
存货的减少/(增加)	Decrease/(Increase) in inventories		1,094	(1,079)
以公平值列帐的证券的增加	Increase in securities at fair value		(6)	(114)
应收帐项、预付款项和其他应收款项的 减少/(增加)	Decrease/(Increase) in debtors, prepayments and other receivables		12	(786)
应付帐项、按金和其他应付款项的 增加/(减少)	Increase/(Decrease) in creditors, deposits and other payables		1,596	(2,119)
拨备及其他负债的(减少)/增加	(Decrease)/Increase in provisions and other liabilitie	S	(23)	80
来自运作活动的现金净额	Net cash from operating activities		11,141	9,697

第 10 至 45 页所载附注为这份财务报表的一部分。

香港房屋委员会 截至 2022年 3 月 31 日止年度的现金流量表(续) (以港币百万元位列示)

HONG KONG HOUSING AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022 (Continued)

(Expressed in millions of Hong Kong dollars)

			2022	2021
		附注 Note		
投资活动的现金流量	Cash flows from investing activities			
外汇基金存款的减少/(增加)	Decrease/(Increase) in placements with the Exc Fund	hange	3,264	(1,345)
原到期日为3个月以上的银行存款的 (增加)/减少 有关进行中的基本工程/计划的付款	(Increase)/Decrease in bank deposits with original maturities over 3 months Payments relating to capital works/projects in progress		(6,769)	1,116
新建公共租住房屋	New public rental housing		(9,355)	(9,919)
重建公共租住房屋	Redeveloped public rental housing		(698)	(915)
资助出售单位(商业)	Subsidised sale flats (Commercial)		(845)	(700)
房屋委员会办事处	Housing Authority offices		(81)	(48)
电脑系统及设备	Computer systems and equipment		(213)	(204)
改善工程	Improvement works		(461)	(441)
已收的利息	Interest received		1,777	1,519
已收的股息	Dividends received		91	76
用于投资活动的现金净额	Net cash used in investing activities		(13,290)	(10,861)
融资活动的现金流量	Cash flows from financing activities			
已付予政府的红利	Dividend paid to the Government		(41)	(586)
租赁负债的款项	Payments of lease liabilities		(31)	(29)
用于融资活动的现金净额	Net cash used in financing activities		(72)	(615)
现金及等同现金减少净额	Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,221)	(1,779)
年初的现金及等同现金	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		4,399	6,178
年终的现金及等同现金	Cash and cash equivalents at end			
	of year	16	2,178	4,399

第 10 至 45 页所载附注为这份财务报表的一部分。

香港房屋委员会

财务报表附注

HONG KONG HOUSING AUTHORITY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

香港房屋委员会与政府之间的财政安排

香港房屋委员会(下称「房委会」)是一个法定机构,于 1973 年 4 月根据《房屋条例》(第 283 章)成立。房委会 按《房屋条例》行使权力和履行职责,以确保提供房 屋和其认为适合附属于房屋的康樂设施。随着 《1988年房屋(修订)条例》的制定及房委会重组,政府 与房委会之间的财政安排于1988年4月1日生效。就 1988 年财政安排作出的增补协议,则由 1994年10月1日起生效,其后并因应房屋供应的新措 施而有所修订。有关财政安排的要点如下:

(a) 政府的免息永久资本

永久资本中来自已资本化的前发展贷款基金贷款 的 134.89 亿港元,已由 1994年 10 月 1 日起改为 免息永久资本。

(b) 政府的资助

包括在帐目内政府对住宅楼宇的资助及非住宅楼 宇的权益,载于附注 19(a)。

公共租住房屋住宅楼宇的土地价值、居者有其屋 计划(下称「居屋计划」)、可租可买计划、租者 置其屋计划(下称「租置计划」)及绿表置居计划 (下称「绿置居计划」)住宅楼宇的十足市值地价 与政府所收土地成本之间的差价,以及租住屋邨 和居屋、可租可买及绿置居计划屋苑内非住宅楼 宇(即停车场及商业设施)的土地价值,并无包括 在帐目内,而是作为备忘录记项于附注 19(b)列 出。

付予政府的红利

房委会从租住屋邨及居屋/可租可买/绿置居计 划屋苑非住宅设施所得的整体盈余,须与政府平 分,并以红利形式分配予政府。

居者有其屋计划及私人机构参建居屋计划的或有

由1988年4月1日起,政府就居屋及私人机构参 建居屋计划(下称「私人参建计划」)作出的按揭 还款保证(附注 24(a)),以及因私人参建计划单位 未能全部售出或单位售价低于保证售价而须承担 的或有负债,均由房委会接手承担。

兴建与管理临时房屋区及平房区

由1988年4月1日起,房委会:

- 负责支付临时房屋区和临时收容中心的发 展、建筑与管理开支及平房区的管理费 用;以及
- 以代理人身分代政府执行清拆、寮屋管制 及寮屋区改善计划下的设施保养工作,费 用仍然由政府支付。

所有临时房屋区已于2001年8月前清拆。除了安 置受清拆影响居民的工作外,寮屋管制及清拆职 务由 2006年 4 月起移交地政总署。

FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE **GOVERNMENT**

The Hong Kong Housing Authority (the Authority) was established as a statutory body in April 1973 under the Housing Ordinance (Cap. 283). It exercises its powers and discharges its duties under the Ordinance so as to secure the provision of housing and such amenities ancillary thereto as it thinks fit. Following enactment of the Housing (Amendment) Ordinance 1988 and implementation of the Authority's re-organisation, the financial arrangements between the Government and the Authority came into effect on 1 April 1988. A Supplemental Agreement to the 1988 Financial Arrangements was effective from 1 October 1994, and further revisions have also been made thereafter in respect of new initiatives in the provision of housing. The salient features of the financial arrangements are as follows:

Government's non-interest bearing permanent capital

A sum of HK\$13,489 million representing that element of the permanent capital originating from the capitalisation of loans from the former Development Loan Fund has been converted into non-interest bearing permanent capital with effect from 1 October 1994.

(b) Government's contribution

The Government's contribution to domestic housing and non-domestic equity included in the accounts is shown in

The land value for the domestic element of public rental housing, the difference between the land value (at full market value) and the land cost charged by the Government for the domestic element of the Home Ownership Scheme (HOS), Buy Or Rent Option Scheme (BRO), Tenants Purchase Scheme (TPS) and Green Form Subsidised Home Ownership Scheme (GSH), and the land value for the non-domestic elements in rental estates and HOS, BRO and GSH courts (i.e. carparks and commercial facilities) are not included in the accounts but included as memorandum entries in Note 19(b).

Dividend to the Government

The overall surplus arising from the operation of non-domestic facilities in rental estates and HOS/BRO/GSH courts are to be shared equally between the Authority and the Government and distributed to the Government in the form of dividend.

Contingent liabilities for the Home Ownership Scheme and the **Private Sector Participation Scheme**

The Authority took over since 1 April 1988 from the Government the contingent liabilities for mortgage default guarantees in respect of flats built under the HOS and the Private Sector Participation Scheme (PSPS) (Note 24(a)), and for unsold flats and the shortfall in selling price under the PSPS.

Construction and management of temporary housing and cottage areas

With effect from 1 April 1988, the Housing Authority has:

- become responsible for meeting expenditure arising from the development, construction and management of temporary housing areas and transit centres, and the management of cottage areas; and
- (ii) undertaken clearance, squatter control and maintenance of facilities provided under Squatter Area Improvement Programmes, on an agency basis, for the Government which remains responsible for the funding of these activities.

All temporary housing areas had been demolished by August 2001. Effective from April 2006, except for the activity on rehousing of occupants upon clearance, the squatter control and clearance functions were transferred to the Lands Department.

1 香港房屋委员会与政府之间的财政安排(续)

(f) 房屋建设工程基金

房屋建设工程基金于 1993 年 4 月 1 日设立,目的是提供独立资金,供房委会购置及/或兴建固定资产和发展居屋计划。该基金的用途已扩展至支付大型改善工程的建设成本。因此,基金分为两个帐目,即用于兴建屋邨及发展居屋计划的「建筑工程帐目」,以及用于改善现有屋邨水准及屋邨社区服务的「改善工程帐目」。

上述两个帐目均须保持足够数额的运作资金-「建筑工程帐目」的数额须相等于6个月的估计开支,「改善工程帐目」则须保持20亿港元的年终结余。

(g) 发展基金

发展基金于 1994 年 10 月 1 日设立,用以支付发展房屋及与房屋有关的工程和基建的开支,从而进一步推行政策,为有住屋需要的人士提供足够及能力可负担的居所。

在房委会事先同意下,为维持发展基金设立的目的,政府有权向该基金注入可能需要的额外款项。

2 主要会计政策

(a) 财务报表编制基准

本财务报表是按照《房屋条例》、与政府于 1988 年达成的财政安排和 1994 年与政府作出的 增补协议,以及经房委会通过的会计政策编制。

(i) 计量基准

编制财务报表时以原值成本作为计量基准,惟外聘投资经理管理的证券除外。前述证券按公平值列出,有关会计政策载于附注 2(j)。

(ii) 管理层的判断和估计

编制财务报表时,管理层需要作出对政策应用,以及对所呈报资产、负债、收入和支出金额构成影响的判断、估计和假设。该等估计和相关假设乃根据经验、以及在相关情况下认为合理的各种其他因素作出,而所得结果会在欠缺来自其他源头的现成数据时,作为判断资产和负债帐面值的基准。实际结果与上述估计或有不同。

该等估计和相关假设会作持续检讨。对会 计估计所作的修订如只会影响作出有关修 订的会计期,会于该会计期加以确认;如 会影响目前和日后的会计期,则会于作出 有关修订的会计期和日后的会计期加以确 认。

管理层在应用房委会的会计政策时作出的 一些对财务报表有重大影响的判断载于 附注3。

若干比较数字已予重列以符合本年度财务 报表的呈列方式。

1 FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

(f) Housing Capital Works Fund

The Housing Capital Works Fund, established on 1 April 1993 to separate the funding for the acquisition and/or construction of all the Authority's fixed assets and developments of the HOS, has been expanded to finance the capital costs of major improvement works. Accordingly, it is split into two accounts, viz. the Construction Account to cover the construction of housing estates and developments of the HOS, and the Improvement Account to provide funds for improving the standard of existing estates and implementing better community services in the estates.

Each of these two accounts is required to maintain an adequate level of operating funds - the Construction Account at a level equivalent to six months' estimated expenditure, and the Improvement Account at an annual balance of HK\$2 billion.

(g) Development Fund

The Development Fund was established with effect from 1 October 1994 to finance the development of housing and housing-related projects and infrastructure that would further the policy of providing adequate and affordable housing for those in need of housing provision.

With the prior agreement of the Authority, the Government has the right to pay into the Development Fund such additional sum of money that might be needed to support the purposes of the Fund.

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Housing Ordinance, the 1988 Financial Arrangements and the 1994 Supplemental Agreement with the Government, and the accounting policies approved by the Authority.

(i) Measurement basis

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is historical cost except for securities managed by external fund managers, which are stated at their fair value as explained in the accounting policies set out at Note 2(j).

(ii) Management judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of the Authority's accounting policies that have significant impact on the financial statements are explained in Note 3.

Certain comparative figures have been restated to conform to the current year presentation of financial statements.

(b) 收入的确认

年内所得的收入,根据以下的会计政策记帐:

(i) 租金收入

物业的租金收入于相关期内记帐;

(ii) 售楼及补价收入

这包括出售居屋/绿置居计划单位的所得,并于签订转让契据时确认;出售/重售租置计划单位的所得,并于签订转让契据时确认;以及居屋/私人参建/可租可买/租置/绿置居计划单位(统称「资助出售单位」)业主所付的补价,并于解除单位转让限制时确认为收入;

(iii) 利息收入

利息收入采用实际利率法按应计制基准确 认;

(iv) 股息收入

股息收入于除息日确认;

(v) 收费

房委会向客户转移所承诺的服务而完成履约责任时,收费会以房委会预期因提供服务而有权获得的代价金额确认为收入;以及

(vi) 代理工作及代管服务的收入

房委会代理工作及代管服务的收入于相关 期内记帐。

(c) 物业、机器及设备

物业、机器及设备是按成本价于扣除累积折旧额 后列于财务状况表。下列各项物业、机器及设备 于提供公共房屋服务和附属商业设施时使用:

(i) 楼宇及改善工程

楼宇分为以下3类:

出租物业(不包括中转房屋)

「房委会屋邨」

即房委会及前屋宇建设委员会的屋邨,以 及 1973 年 4 月 1 日以后建成的这类屋邨, 包括从香港模范屋宇会接管的屋邨。

「居屋计划(非住宅)」

居屋/可租可买/绿置居计划的非住宅楼 宇。

「徙置屋邨」

前徙置事务处的屋邨,包括分层工厂大厦 及1973年4月1日以后建成的这类大厦。

中转房屋

「中转房屋」

过渡性质的住屋,但建筑物或可永久住 用。

其他

「总部」

总部大厦。

「宿舍」

职员宿舍。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(b) Income recognition

The income for the year is accounted for in accordance with the following accounting policies:

(i) Rental income

Rental income from properties is brought into account in the period to which it relates;

(ii) Sales and premium income

This includes proceeds from the sale of HOS/GSH flats which is recognised upon signing of the Deed of Assignment; proceeds from the sale/resale of flats under the TPS which is recognised upon signing of the Deed of Assignment; and premium payments from owners of HOS/PSPS/BRO/TPS/GSH flats (collectively referred to as subsidised sale flats) which are recognised as income when the alienation restrictions on the flats are removed;

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method;

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised on the ex-dividend date;

(v) Fees and charges

Fees and charges are recognised as income when the Authority satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised service to a customer, at the amount of consideration to which the Authority expects to be entitled in exchange for the service; and

(vi) Income from agency functions and services

Income generated from the agency functions and services of the Authority is brought into account in the period to which it relates.

(c) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated in the statement of financial position at cost less accumulated depreciation. The following items of property, plant and equipment are utilised in the provision of public housing services and ancillary commercial facilities:

(i) Buildings and improvement works

Buildings are classified into three categories:

Rental Premises (excluding Interim Housing)

'НКНА'

Estates of the present as well as the former Hong Kong Housing Authority plus additions thereto since 1 April 1973, including the estates taken over from the Hong Kong Model Housing Society.

'HOS(ND)'

Non-domestic premises of the HOS/BRO/GSH.

RD'

Estates of the former Resettlement Department including flatted factories plus additions thereto since 1 April 1973.

Interim Housing

'IH

Accommodation of transitional nature but the structures may be permanent.

Others

'HO'

Head Office buildings.

'SO'

Staff quarters.

(c) 物业、机器及设备(续)

(i) 楼宇及改善工程(续)

每项价值 50 万港元或以上的楼宇及改善工程均会按以下基准确认为资产:

「房委会屋邨」、「居屋计划(非住宅)」、「总部」及「中转房屋」 — 按房委会的成本价记帐;

「徙置屋邨」 — 以前归类为第一、二和三型的屋邨及工厂大厦(1973 年 3 月 31 日后落成的工厂大厦除外),价值为零;其他在1973 年 4 月 1 日前落成的屋邨,按相等于1973 年 3 月 31 日的折余价值的推定成本价记帐;而在1973 年 3 月 31 日后落成的屋邨,则按房委会的成本价记帐;以及

「宿舍」 - 按相等于 1976 年 3 月 31 日的 折余价值的房委会推定成本价记帐。

(ii) 电脑系统及设备、电子器材及汽车

每项价值 50 万港元或以上的电脑系统及设备(包括硬件和软件)、电子器材及汽车按成本价确认为资产。电脑系统及设备的硬件(包括其附设软件)和软件的成本会划分并分别在「物业、机器及设备」和「无形资产」(附注 2(f))确认。

日后每项为改善现有物业、机器及设备而有经济利益流入房委会的50万港元或以上开支,均会记入有关资产的帐面值,惟改善电脑系统及设备的成本不受此50万港元资本化门槛所限。

来自报销或出售物业、机器及设备项目的收益或 亏损,以出售有关项目的净收益与帐面值的差额 计算,并会在报销或出售当日于全面收益表确 认。

(d) 折旧

计算折旧是将一项物业、机器及设备的成本价值 在减去其估计剩余价值(如有的话)后,以直线法 按下列预算可用年期摊销:

预计可用年期

(i) 楼宇 50 年

(ii) 所有楼宇改善工程 楼宇在改善工程竣 和其他改善工程 工后的余下使用年 期

(iii) 电脑系统及设备 5年 及电子器材

(iv) 汽车 6至9年

(e) 进行中的基本工程/计划

这包括由房屋建设工程基金和发展基金提供资金,并用于兴建中的物业或开发中的电脑系统及设备、改善工程和购置物业、机器及设备的费用。基本工程完成后,该费用便会重新归类为「物业、机器及设备」或「无形资产」的项目。居屋/绿置居计划(住宅)工程完竣后,有关费用会转拨至「存货」。每项耗资少于50万港元的改善工程费用,会在其产生时记入全面收益表作为开支。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c) Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

(i) Buildings and improvement works (Continued)

Buildings and improvement works costing HK\$500,000 or more each are recognised as assets on the following bases:

'HKHA', 'HOS(ND)', 'HO' and 'IH' - At cost to the Authority;

'RD' - For those formerly classified as Marks I, II and III estates and factories (other than factories completed after 31 March 1973), at nil value; for other estates completed before 1 April 1973, at deemed cost equal to written down value at 31 March 1973; and for estates completed after 31 March 1973, at cost to the Authority; and

'SQ' - At deemed cost equal to written down value at 31 March 1976 to the Authority.

(ii) Computer systems and equipment, electronic equipment and motor vehicles

Computer systems and equipment (including both hardware and software), electronic equipment and motor vehicles costing HK\$500,000 or more each are recognised as assets at cost. For computer systems and equipment, the costs of the hardware (including its integrated software) and software are segregated and recognised under "property, plant and equipment" and "intangible assets" (Note 2(f)) respectively.

While each subsequent expenditure item of HK\$500,000 or more for improvement of an existing item of property, plant and equipment is added to the carrying amount of the asset if future economic benefits will flow to the Authority, computer systems and equipment enhancement costs are not subject to the HK\$500,000 capitalisation threshold.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and its carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income on the date of retirement or disposal.

(d) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line basis to allocate the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment, less its estimated residual value, if any, over its estimated useful life, as follows:

Expected useful life

(i) Buildings 50 years

(ii) All building improvements and other improvement works The remaining life of the building upon completion of the improvement works.

(iii) Computer systems and equipment and electronic equipment

5 years

(iv) Motor vehicles

6 to 9 years

(e) Capital works/projects in progress

This includes expenditure incurred on properties or computer systems and equipment under development, improvement works and acquisition of property, plant and equipment, and financed by the Housing Capital Works Fund and the Development Fund. When the capital works are completed, the costs are reclassified as items of "property, plant and equipment" or "intangible assets". When the HOS/GSH (Domestic) projects are completed, the related costs are transferred to "inventories". Expenditure on improvement works costing less than HK\$500,000 each is expensed to the statement of comprehensive income when incurred.

(f) 无形资产

无形资产包括购人的电脑软件牌照和电脑软件项目的资本化发展成本。开发电脑软件项目如在技术上可行,而房委会亦有充足的资源,并有意完成该发展项目,其开支便会被资本化。资本化的开支包括直接人工及材料成本。无形资产是按成本价于扣除累计摊销后列出。

无形资产的摊销乃按其 5 年预算可用年期,以直 线法记入全面收益表。

(g) 土地

(i) 批租土地

根据官契/政府租契或批地/换地条件,房委会拥有所有居屋/可租可買/绿置居计划(非住宅)楼宇、租置计划屋邨的出租单位、多个租住屋邨、部分屋苑的出租大厦、佛光街两幢总部大厦、横头磡客务中心及振华苑办事处所占土地的正式合法业权。

批租土地地价指于征用批租土地或取得土 地使用权时须先付的金额。有关金额按成 本价列出,并以直线法在批租期内折旧。

(ii) 受制于接管令的土地

至于其他批租以外的土地,则一直由地政 总署署长行使行政长官根据《房屋条例》 第5条授予的权力,发出接管令,赋予房 委会全面管制及管理该等土地的权力。

(iii) 土地价值

列入财务报表附注 19(b)内的土地价值乃根据与政府之间的财政安排(附注 1(b))按下列方法厘定:

「房委会屋邨」、「中转房屋」、「徙置屋邨」「及政府廉租屋邨 — 土地价值由差饷物业估价署署长以余值估价法评估,估价以 1976 年的水平为准,如有关屋邨是在1976 年后落成,估价则以屋邨移交房委会管理时的水平为准。如差饷物业估价署署长未能就该幅土地的价值提供估价,便会将有关屋邨由差饷物业估价署署长评定的临时应课差饷租值和某一倍数相乘,得出临时的土地估价。

「居屋计划(住宅)」 - 居屋/可租可买/租置/绿置居计划住宅楼宇的土地价值是十足市值地价与土地成本之间的差价。

「居屋计划(非住宅)」¹ — 在 1988 年 4月1日之前,商业设施用地的价值是以买地当日的十足市值计算,而在该日前已落成的停车场,其土地估值为零。由 1988 年 4月1日起,包括商业设施及停车场等之非住宅设施用地的价值,均由差饷物业估价署署长于设施落成当日以余值估价法评估。

「总部」¹ - 佛光街其中一幢总部大厦、位于横头磡的客务中心和位于黄大仙上邨的办事处大厦的土地价值,均按地政总署以有关楼宇落成当日的估值而厘定。

「宿舍」「一土地价值由差饷物业估价署署 长以余值估价法评估,估价以 1976 年的水 平为准。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets include acquired computer software licences and capitalised development costs of computer software programs. Expenditure on development of computer software programs is capitalised if the programs are technically feasible and the Authority has sufficient resources and the intention to complete development. The expenditure capitalised includes the direct labour costs and costs of materials. Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

Amortisation of intangible assets is charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives of 5 years.

(g) Land

(i) Land under lease

The Authority has the proper legal title to land in all the HOS/BRO/GSH non-domestic properties, rental flats of TPS estates, certain rental housing estates, rental blocks in some courts, two Head Office buildings at Fat Kwong Street, the customer service centre at Wang Tau Hom and the office at Chun Wah Court, either by way of Crown/Government Lease, or under Conditions of Grant or Exchange.

Leasehold land premiums are up-front payments to acquire leasehold land or land use right. The premiums are stated at cost and are depreciated over the period of the lease on a straight-line basis.

(ii) Land under vesting order

For land not under lease, vesting orders have been made by the Director of Lands, acting on delegated authority from the Chief Executive, under Section 5 of the Housing Ordinance. Such vesting orders confer on the Authority full powers of control and management of the land.

(iii) Land value

The value of land included in Note 19(b) in accordance with the financial arrangements with the Government (Note 1(b)) is determined on the following bases:

'HKHA', 'IH' and 'RD' ¹ and Government Low Cost Housing - The land value is based on the assessments made by the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation using the residual method of valuation, being either at 1976 levels or at the time of handover for management where the estate was completed after 1976. Where the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation has not been able to provide a valuation, a provisional land valuation is made by applying a multiplier to the provisional rateable value of the estate assessed by the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation.

'HOS(Domestic)' - The land value associated with the domestic element of the HOS/BRO/TPS/GSH is the difference between the land value (at full market value) and the land cost.

'HOS(ND)' ¹ - Prior to 1 April 1988, the land for commercial facilities was valued at the full market value at the date the land was purchased, and the land for carparks completed before that date was assessed at nil value. With effect from 1 April 1988, the land value for non-domestic facilities including commercial facilities and carparks is based on the assessments made by the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation at the date of completion of the facilities using the residual method of valuation.

'HO' ¹ - For one of the Head Office buildings at Fat Kwong Street, the customer service centre at Wang Tau Hom and the office building in upper Wong Tai Sin, the land value is based on assessment made by the Lands Department at the date of completion of the buildings.

'SQ' - Land value is based on assessments made by the Commissioner of Rating and Valuation using the residual method of valuation at 1976 level.

¹ 楼宇类别简称列于附注 2(c)。

¹ Abbreviations of the building types are shown in Note 2(c).

(h) 租赁

租赁会于其生效日期在财务状况表内确认为使用 权资产及相应的租赁负债,惟涉及租赁期为12个 月或以下的短期租赁及低价值资产租赁的相关款 项,会在租赁期内以直线法计入全面收益表。

使用权资产按成本价于扣除累积折旧额后计量。 该使用权资产按租赁期与资产的预算可用年期两 者中较短者,以直线法折旧。

租赁负债按租赁期内应支付租赁款项的现值计量,其后按租赁负债计提的利息与所支付的租赁款项,及源于任何租赁负债重估或租赁修改的重新计量而调整。

(i) 外汇基金存款

用作投资的外汇基金存款包括本金总额和在报告 日期已入帐但尚未提取的利息。结余以摊销成本 计量。

(j) 证券投资

由外聘投资经理管理的证券,在内部按公平值管理、评估及汇报,因此以公平值透过盈余或亏损计量。该等证券投资最初按公平值列出。公平值会在每个报告日期重新计量,其价值如有任何变动,会在全面收益表内确认。在证券投资出售后,出售收益净额与帐面值的差额会记入全面收益表。

证券投资买卖会在交易当日记帐。

(k) 其他金融资产

其他金融资产最初按公平值确认,其后以摊销成本于扣除减值损失后计量(附注2(I))。不过,如属应从政府收回的免息款项和资助自置居所计划下提供的免息贷款,或其贴现效应微不足道的项目,则会按成本于扣除减值损失后列出(附注2(I))。

(I) 金融工具的减值

房委会根据最初确认以来的信贷风险变化,计量 金融工具(应收帐项除外)的预期信贷损失,并 确认相应的损失准备(如属按揭还款保证,则为 拨备)和减值损失或回拨。预期信贷损失按下列 其中一个基准计量:

- (i) 12 个月预期信贷损失:预期于报告日期后 12 个月内可能发生的违约事件所引致的损 失;以及
- (ii) 全期预期信贷损失:预期于金融工具的预期年限内所有可能发生的违约事件所引致的损失。

应收帐项的损失准备则按相等于全期预期信贷损 失的金额计量。

在每个报告日期,房委会藉比较金融工具于报告日期与最初确认日期在余下预期年限内发生违约的风险,藉此评估自最初确认以来,金融工具的信贷风险有否显著增加。在评估过程中考虑过往的定量及定性资料,以及前瞻性资料。当发生一项或多项对某金融资产估计未来现金流量产生不利影响的事件,该金融资产会被评为信贷减值。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(h) Leases

A lease is recognised in the statement of financial position as a right-of-use asset with a corresponding lease liability at the lease commencement date, except that payments associated with short-term leases having a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

A right-of-use asset is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation. The right-of-use asset is depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and asset's estimated useful life.

The lease liability is measured at the present value of the lease payments payable over the lease term, and subsequently adjusted by the effect of the interest on and the settlement of the lease liability, and the remeasurement arising from any reassessment of the lease liability or lease modification.

(i) Placements with the Exchange Fund

Placements with the Exchange Fund for investment purpose include the total principal sums and any interest credited but not yet withdrawn at the reporting date. The balance is measured at amortised cost.

(j) Investments in securities

Securities managed by external fund managers are measured at fair value through surplus or deficit as they are managed, evaluated and reported internally on a fair value basis. Investments in these securities are initially stated at fair value. At each reporting date, the fair value is remeasured and any change in fair value is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Upon disposal, the difference between the net sale proceeds and the carrying value is included in the statement of comprehensive income

Purchases and sales of investments in securities are accounted for at trade date.

(k) Other financial assets

Other financial assets are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter measured at amortised cost less impairment losses (Note 2(I)), except for the interest-free amount due from the Government and the interest-free loans made under subsidised home ownership schemes or where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In those cases, they are stated at cost less impairment losses (Note 2(I)).

(l) Impairment of financial instruments

The Authority measures expected credit losses on financial instruments (other than debtors), and recognises the corresponding loss allowances (provision in the case of mortgage default guarantees) and impairment losses or reversals, based on the change in credit risk since initial recognition. Expected credit losses are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month expected credit losses these are losses that are expected to result from possible default events within the 12 months after the reporting date; and
- (ii) lifetime expected credit losses these are losses that are expected to result from all possible default events over the expected life of the financial instrument.

Loss allowances for debtors are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

At each reporting date, the Authority assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk for financial instruments since initial recognition by comparing the risk of default occurring over the remaining expected life as at the reporting date with that as at the date of initial recognition. The assessment considers quantitative and qualitative historical information as well as forward-looking information. A financial asset is assessed to be credit impaired when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of that financial asset have occurred.

(I) 金融工具的减值(续)

金融工具的预期信贷损失,是就该金融工具在预期年限内的信贷损失(即所有现金短缺的现值)所作的公正并经概率加权处理的估计。现金短缺指根据合约应付予房委会的现金流量与房委会预期收到的现金流量之间的差异。对于在报告日期属信贷减值的金融资产,房委会计量的预期信贷损失为资产的总帐面值与估计未来现金流量现值的差额,该现值按资产的原来实际利率(如金融资产是按摊销成本计量)或按同类金融资产的现行市场回报率(如金融资产是按成本记帐)以贴现方式计算。

(m) 存货

存货包括未售的居屋/绿置居计划单位、仓存和 备件,有关项目以成本与可变现净值两者中较低 者记帐。

未售的居屋/绿置居计划单位的可变现净值,是 指估计售价扣除出售单位所需成本后的价值。单 位售出后,其帐面值会于确认相关售楼收入的同 一年,确认为支出。

仓存和备件的成本主要按加权平均成本方法计算。已过时的仓存和备件会在全面收益表内注销。当仓存和备件耗用后,其帐面值会于耗用当年,确认为支出。

(n) 现金及等同现金

现金及等同现金包括银行结余和现金,以及于购入时距期满日通常不超过 3 个月,属短期性质并随时可转换为已知数额的现金和价值变动风险不大且流通性高的投资。

(o) 应付帐项及其他财务负债

应付帐项及其他财务负债均以已摊销成本计量, 但是如属应付予政府的免息款项,或其贴现效应 微不足道的项目,则会以成本列出。

(p) 雇员福利

雇员福利如工资、薪金和花红,在雇员提供服务 后会确认为支出。合约雇员因在年内提供服务而 应付予他们的约满酬金会在财务报表内作出拨 备。

雇员享有的年假是根据他们当时累积的年假日数 确认人帐,而雇员享有的病假和产假,则会在雇 员放取有关假期时才确认。

合约雇员的强制性公积金供款在产生有关责任期 间作为开支。公务员的长俸负债则在房委会按月 付还政府的公务员员工成本时支付。

(q) 外币换算

年内进行的外币交易,均按交易当日的现货汇率 换算为港元。以港元以外的货币为单位的货币资 产和负债,均按报告日期的收市汇率换算为港 元。外币换算产生的汇兑收益和亏损,均在全面 收益表内确认。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(I) Impairment of financial instruments (Continued)

Expected credit losses of a financial instrument are an unbiased and probability-weighted estimate of credit losses (i.e. the present value of all cash shortfalls) over the expected life of the financial instrument. A cash shortfall is the difference between the cash flows due to the Authority in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Authority expects to receive. For a financial asset that is credit impaired at the reporting date, the Authority measures the expected credit losses as the difference between the asset's gross carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate (for financial assets measured at amortised cost), or at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset (for financial assets stated at cost).

(m) Inventories

Inventories consist of unsold HOS/GSH flats, stores and spares. They are carried at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

The net realisable value of unsold HOS/GSH flats represents the estimated selling price less costs to be incurred in selling the flats. When flats are sold, the carrying amount of those flats is recognised as an expense in the year in which the related sales income is recognised.

The cost of stores and spares is mainly determined by the weighted average cost method. Obsolete stores and spares are written off to the statement of comprehensive income. When stores and spares are consumed, the carrying amount of those stores and spares is recognised as an expense in the year in which the consumption occurs.

(n) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of bank balances and cash, and short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, normally having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

(o) Creditors and other financial liabilities

Creditors and other financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost except for the interest-free amount due to the Government or where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In those cases, they are stated at cost.

(p) Employee benefits

Employee benefits such as wages, salaries and bonuses are recognised as an expense when the employee has rendered the service. Obligations on contract-end gratuities payable to contract staff for services rendered during the year are provided for in the financial statements.

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are not recognised until the time of leave.

Contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund for contract staff are expensed as incurred. Pension liabilities for civil servants are discharged by reimbursement to the Government as part of the civil servants' staff costs charged by the Government to the Authority on a monthly basis.

(q) Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the spot exchange rates at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are translated into Hong Kong dollars using the closing exchange rates at the reporting date. Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

(r) 已作出的财务担保和拨备及或有负债

(i) 已作出的财务担保

财务担保是规定发出人在指定债务人未有 根据债务票据条款于限期前还款时,须向 持有人支付指定之款项以补偿其亏损的合 约。房委会就出售资助出售单位及银行和 其他认可财务机构提供的按揭贷款所作出 的按揭还款保证,属财务担保的一种。

由于按揭还款保证是以零代价作出及其公 平值无法可靠地计量,故没有确认递延收 入。

就按揭还款保证开支作出的拨备,是在该保证的持有人可能根据该保证向房委会提出要求补偿,而所涉款额能可靠地估计时,予以确认。至于没有作出拨备的保证,房委会的现存责任会以或有负债披露。该等按揭还款保证的减值会如附注 2(1)所述记帐。

(ii) 其他拨备及或有负债

在以下情况下,其他负债(包括维修和小型 改善工程)的拨备会予以确认:房委会对已 发生的事件须承担现存责任;在履行该责 任时预期会引致经济利益外流;以及有关 责任所涉款额能可靠地估计。如所涉款额 有重大时值,拨备便会以履行该责任的预 计开支现值列出。拨备款额会在每个报告 日期重估并作出调整,以反映当时最准确 的估值。

倘不大可能出现经济利益外流,或所涉款额不能可靠地估计,现存责任会以或有负债披露(除非引致经济利益外流的可能性极微)。至于要视乎日后是否有某宗或多宗事件发生才能确定存在与否的潜在责任,亦会以或有负债披露(除非引致经济利益外流的可能性极微)。

(s) 关连人士

房委会能直接或间接控制,或房委会可对其财务和运作决定行使重大影响力(反之亦然)的另一方人士,又或与房委会备受同一方所控制的另一方人士,将被视为房委会的关连人士。

(t) 课税

根据《房屋条例》第34(1)条,为施行该条例,房委会获豁免,无须受《税务条例》(第 112 章)规限。

3 应用房委会会计政策时的关键会计判断

出租物业

管理层认为,房委会旨在以出租物业提供公共房屋资助,而非为赚取租金,因此,出租物业是记入「物业、机器及设备」的项目,而非记入「投资物业」的项目。基于同一理由,管理层亦认为,根据出租物业的可收回款额确认有关物业的任何减值损失,并不恰当。

2 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(r) Financial guarantees issued, provisions and contingent liabilities

(i) Financial guarantees issued

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss the holder incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payment when due in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument. The mortgage default guarantees issued by the Authority in connection with the sale of subsidised sale flats and in respect of mortgage loans made by banks and other authorised financial institutions are a form of financial guarantees.

No deferred income is recognised as the mortgage default guarantees are issued at nil consideration and their fair value cannot be reliably measured.

Provisions for mortgage default guarantee payments are recognised if and when it becomes probable that the holder of a guarantee will call upon the Authority under the guarantee and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount. For guarantees without such provisions recognised, the Authority's present obligations under the guarantees are disclosed as contingent liabilities. Impairment for these mortgage default guarantees is accounted for as described in Note 2(1).

(ii) Other provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities (including maintenance and minor improvements) when the Authority has a present obligation as a result of a past event, when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the time value of money is material, the provision is stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the present obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of the outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of an outflow of economic benefits is remote.

(s) Related parties

A party is considered to be related to the Authority if the Authority has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Authority and the party are subject to common control.

(t) Taxation

According to Section 34(1) of the Housing Ordinance, the Authority shall, for the purpose of this Ordinance, be exempt from the Inland Revenue Ordinance (Cap. 112).

3 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENT IN APPLYING THE AUTHORITY'S ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rental premises

In management's view, the Authority uses rental premises for providing subsidised public housing rather than earning rentals. As a result, they are accounted for as items of property, plant and equipment instead of investment properties. For the same reason, management considers that it is inappropriate to recognise any impairment loss of rental premises based on their recoverable amount.

4 收入

4 INCOME

				2022	2021
				百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
(a)	租金收入	(a)	Rental income		
()	租住房屋	(-)	Rental housing	18,073	16,973
	商业楼宇		Commercial properties	2,245	2,473
				20,318	19,446
(b)	售楼及补价收入	(b)	Sales and premium income		
(~)	出售单位	(~)	Sales of flats	11,785	14,783
	解除转让限制所收补价		Premium on removal of alienation restriction	1,607	974
				13,392	15,757
(c)	投资收入	(c)	Investment income		
(-)	下列项目的利息收入	(-)	Interest income from		
	外汇基金存款		placements with the Exchange Fund	1,775	1,465
	银行存款		bank deposits	51	137
				1,826	1,602
	证券的已实现和重估(亏损)/收益		Net realised and revaluation (losses)/gains		
	净额		on securities	(219)	3,352
	证券的汇兑(亏损)/收益净额		Net exchange (losses)/gains on securities	(42)	100
	证券的股息收入		Dividend income from securities	95	80
				1,660	5,134
(d)	其他收入	(d)	Other income		
	收费		Fees and charges	107	90
	杂项收入		Miscellaneous income	307	304
				414	394
	总收入		Total income	35,784	40,731

营运租约的安排

房委会批出营运租约出租商业楼宇(停车场除外),租约一般为期3年。本年度所得租金收入为14.36亿港元(2021:17.22亿港元),包括按营业额计算的租金300万港元(2021:100万港元)。

房委会根据商业楼宇的不可撤销营运租约于日后应 收的最低租金收入分析如下:

Operating Leases Arrangements

The Authority leases out commercial properties under operating leases (except car-parks). The leases typically run for a period of three years. The rental income received during the year amounted to HK\$1,436 million (2021: HK\$1,722 million), including rents based on business turnover amounting to HK\$3 million (2021: HK\$1 million).

The future minimum lease income receivable by the Authority under non-cancellable operating leases for commercial properties is analysed as follows:

Within 1 year After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 3 years After 3 years but within 4 years After 4 years but within 5 years After 5 years	606 448 298 143 122 117	611 346 198 106 39 22
	1,734	1,322

1年内 1年后但2年内 2年后但3年内 3年后但4年内 4年后但5年内 5年后

5

资助出售单位开支 5 EXPENDITURE ON SUBSIDISED SALE FLATS

		 百万元 (港币) HK\$M	
已售单位成本	Cost of flats sold		
建筑费用及间接开支	Construction cost and overheads	3,908	5,117
政府土地成本	Government land cost	1,478	1,826
回购单位成本	Cost of repurchased flats	6	2
		5,392	6,945
其他开支	Other expenditure	72	29
		5,464	6,974

非运作(开支)/收入净额 6 NET NON-OPERATING (EXPENDITURE)/INCOME 6

市区重建局付还编配予受清拆影响人士的租住单位的成本	Reimbursement from Urban Renewal Authority for the costs of the allocated rental flats for affected clearees	23	45
拆售零售及停车场设施的开支 回拔(附注 22)	Reversal of expenditure on divestment of retail and carparking facilities (Note 22)	3	-
其他开支	Other expenditure	(38)	(2)
		(12)	43

物业、机器及设备 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

			2022				2021		
		出租物业 (不包括中转房屋) Rental Premises	中转房屋	其	中	出租物业 (不包括中转房屋) Rental Premises	中转房屋	其	节
		(excluding Interim	Interim			(excluding Interim	Interim		
		Housing)	Housing	Others	Total	Housing)	Housing	Others	Total
		百万元 (補币) HKSM	西万元 (補币) HKSM	百万元 (滞币) HKSM	百万元 (港币) HKSM	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (滞币) HK\$M	西万元 (港币) HK \$M
(a) 批租土地地价 年初及年终成本	(a) Lease premiums for land Cost at beginning and end of year	105		57	162	105		57	162
年初累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year	(96)	•	(36)	(132)	(95)		(35)	(130)
年内折旧	Charge for the year	(E)	1	Ξ	(2)	(E)	1	(E)	(2)
年终累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	(97)	1	(37)	(134)	(96)	1	(36)	(132)
年终帐面净值	Net book value at end of year	&	•	20	28	6		21	30
(p) 地盘平整	(b) Site formation								
年初成本	Cost at beginning of year	3,063	1	3	3,067	2,914	1	3	2,918
添置	Additions	182	•	•	182	155	•	•	155
刪減/拆卸	Disposals/Demolition	(13)	•		(13)	(9)	-	-	(9)
年终成本	Cost at end of year	3,232	1	3	3,236	3,063	_	3	3,067
年初累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year	(1,432)	(1)	(1)	(1,434)	(1,386)	(1)	(1)	(1,388)
年内折旧	Charge for the year	(54)	1	1	(54)	(50)	1	•	(50)
删减/拆卸时回拨	Written back on disposals/demolition	6	•	1	6	4	•	1	4
年终累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	(1,477)	(1)	(1)	(1,479)	(1,432)	(1)	(1)	(1,434)
年终帐面净值	Net book value at end of year	1,755	1	2	1,757	1,631	•	2	1,633
(3)	(c) Buildings								
年初成本	Cost at beginning of year	231,134	672	1,870	233,676	219,256	658	1,825	221,739
添置	Additions	13,276	•	1	13,277	12,046	1	45	12,091
转拨	Transfers	(14)	14	•	•	(14)	14	•	٠
删减/拆卸	Disposals/Demolition	(490)	•	•	(490)	(154)	,	,	(154)
年终成本	Cost at end of year	243,906	989	1,871	246,463	231,134	672	1,870	233,676
年初累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year	(72,535)	(302)	(266)	(73,834)	(68,453)	(284)	(696)	(69,702)
年内折旧	Charge for the year	(4,425)	(13)	(33)	(4,471)	(4,199)	(12)	(32)	(4,243)
转拨	Transfers	9	9)	•	•	9	9	•	•
删减/拆卸时回拨	Written back on disposals/demolition	363	•		363	111	-	-	111
年终累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	(76,591)	(321)	(1,030)	(77,942)	(72,535)	(302)	(266)	(73,834)
年终帐面净值	Net book value at end of year	167,315	365	841	168,521	158,599	370	873	159,842

物业、机器及设备(续) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

Figure 大学 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日本 日				7707				707		
Contact Con			出租物业 (不包括中转房屋) Rental Premises	中转房屋	其仰	合计	出租物业 (不包括中转房屋) Rental Premises	中转房屋	其仰	合计
1982年 19			(excluding Interim Housing)	Interim Housing	Others	Total	(excluding Interim Housing)	Interim Housing	Others	Total
			百万元 (港币) HKSM	百万元 (補币) HKSM	百万元 (補币) HKSM	百万元 (稀币) HKSM	西万元 (潘币) HK\$M	田万元 (潘币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	西万元 (港币) HK\$M
(17年)	改善工程	(d) Improvement works	i de							
(45)	牛初成本	Cost at beginning of year	506%		230	8,135	/,428		213	7,641
(4.22) (1.42)	※ 計画	Additions	440 38	1	29	469	486	1	17	503
Accordance of systems	1 美	Disposals	(98)	•	1 3	(39)	(6)	1	1 00	(6)
Accumulated deprecation at beginning of year (452) (110) (453) (534) (534) (534) (634)	年终成本	Cost at end of year	8,306	•	259	8,565	7,905	•	230	8,135
Applit	年初累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year	(4,222)	•	(110)	(4,332)	(3,831)	•	(105)	(3,936)
Accompanies of Systems Accompanies of Sys	年内折旧	Charge for the year	(363)	•	(5)	(368)	(394)	ı	(5)	(399)
Machine Not whether the not year 1450	割 成50回按 7% = 哲书后	Written back on disposals	10	•	- 1215	10	(4,772)	•	- (110)	5 (27.77)
Computer system and on o year	中%繁似加口	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	(4,50/)	•	(CII)	(4,002)	(4,222)	1	(110)	(4,552)
19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	中 次	Net book value at end of year	3,/39	•	4	3,883	3,083		071	3,803
19	电图象乳及设备	(e) Computer systems and equipment			700	777			3.00	37.4
接換	牛彻戍令	Cost at beginning of year		•	400	400	•		6,1	0,4
Spic control of the control of year Charge for the year charge	世首	Dimonals	•	•	8 E	8 6	•	•	(9C)	19
Accomplated depreciation at beginning of year	11. 11. 12. 13. 14.	Disposais Cost at and of year	•		(2)	(2)			(20)	(20)
Shift	十次/文子 在	Accumulated demeciation at hemining of year			(717)	(417)			(473)	(423)
Witten back on your your back of your ba	十	Accumulated depression at Degiming of year			(417)	(417)			(423)	(423)
發展時間 Accumulated depreciation at end of year (437) (437) (437) (417)	十乙岁二	Written back on disposals			(77)	(77)			(27) 28 C	(24) (24) (24) (24)
%帳面外值 (Net book value at end of year Tennic equipment 519 45 45 45 45 45 45 45 49 49 49 動成本本 Cost at beginning of year Cost at cend of year Cost at	mi 後記回 次 年 次 蒙 帮 折 正	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	•	'	(437)	(437)			(417)	(417)
Bight Cost at beginning of year Cost at end of year Cost	年终帐面净值	Net book value at end of vear		•	45	45			49	49
効成本	电子器材	Ξ								
減失 Disposals Ost at end of year (8) (2) - <	年初成本	Cost at beginning of year	519	•	9	525	521	•	9	527
終成本 Cost at end of year \$11 6 \$17 \$19 6 6 \$17 \$19 6 6 \$10 6 6 8 6 8 6	刪減	Disposals	(8)	1	'	(8)	(2)	'	•	(2)
Accumalated depreciation at beginning of year Accumalated depreciation at beginning of year Accumalated depreciation at end of year Accumalated Accumalated depreciation at end of year Accumalated depreciation at end of year Accumalated Accumalated depreciation at end of year Accumalated Accumalate	年终成本	Cost at end of year	511	•	9	517	519	•	9	525
機能性數 Written back on disposals 8 - - 8 -	年初累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year	(519)	•	9)	(525)	(521)	•	(9)	(527)
終累稅折旧 Accumulated depreciation at end of year (511) - (6) (517) (519) - (6) 9歲帳面净值 (g) Motor vehicles - <td>删减时回拨</td> <td>Written back on disposals</td> <td>∞</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>∞</td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>2</td>	删减时回拨	Written back on disposals	∞	•	•	∞	2		•	2
Skm面净值 Note book value at end of year -	年终累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	(511)	•	(9)	(517)	(519)		(9)	(525)
OBD A Motor vehicles Cost at beginning of year Cost at end of year	年终帐面净值	Net book value at end of year	•	•	•	1	•	•	•	1
Cost at beginning of year Cost at beginning of year - - 5 5 - - 5 Additions Cost at end of year -	州州	(g) Motor vehicles								
Additions Cost at end of year Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year Accumulated depreciation at end of year Accumulated	年初成本	Cost at beginning of year		•	S	ĸ	•	•	5	5
Cost at end of year Cost at end of year -	※置	Additions		•	•	•	•	•	,	'
Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year - - - (1) (1) - - (1) Charge for the year - - - (4) (4) - - (1) Accumulated depreciation at end of year - - - (4) - - (1) Not book value at end of year 172,817 365 1,053 174,235 153,922 370 1,067 Domestic rental bousing 14,754 - 14,754 - 14,754 - - - Non-domestic facilities Housing Authority office buildings and others - - 1,063 -	年终成本	Cost at end of year	•		S	S			5	5
Charge for the year Charge for the year - (1)	年初累积折旧	Accumulated depreciation at beginning of year	•		(3)	(3)			(2)	(2)
Accumulated depreciation at end of year Net book value at end of year I Total net book value at end of year I Total net book value at end of year I Represented by assets of Domestic rental housing Non-domestic facilities Housing Authority office buildings and others Accumulated depreciation at end of year I Total net book value at end of year I Total net do year I To	年内折旧	Charge for the year		•	Ξ	3		•	Ξ	Ξ
Net book value at end of year 172,817 365 1,053 174,235 163,922 370 1,067	年 2 3 日 4 年 5 年 6 年 7 年 7 年 7 年 7 年 7 年 7 年 7 年 7 年 7	Accumulated depreciation at end of year	•		4	9			8	3
Total net book value at end of year ¹ Represented by assets of Domestic rental housing Authority office buildings and others 172,817 365 1,053 174,235 163,922 370 1,067 **** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *	一に火きに正任火を下が上げ	Net book value at end of vear	•		1	1			2	2
本項目 Represented by assets of Domestic rental housing 158,063 365 - 158,428 151,239 370 - 10,53 Non-domestic facilities 14,754 - 12,683 - 1,067 Ak學手及其他 Housing Authority office buildings and others - 1,063 - 1,063 - 1,067	年终帐面净值合计 1	Total net book value at end of year ¹	718.271	365	1.053	174.235	163 922	370	1 067	165 359
Non-domestic facilities 14,754 12,683 1,053 1,053 1,053 1,053 1,053 1,067 1,0	「一下」	Domestic and Later of the Control of				2016				
Dolliestic Ferran notating 14,754 - 12,683 - 1,067 -	1947年194日 東京日本	Nepresented by assets of	150 023	376		150 430	151 230	07.0		151 600
以楼字及其他 Housing Authority office buildings and others - 1,053 1,053 - 1,053	相比为是 非休田语饰	Domestic facilities	136,003	202		136,428	151,239	0/6		121,609
100,1 - COULT COUNTY CO	<u> </u>		+67,41	•	' '	+014,	12,003	1	- 170	12,063
C 10 T	历安石沙事必按于汉共		1 20 607		1,053	1,053		1	1,00/	1,00/

特後子2021年東州支3月31日Transfer toother assetcategories or31 March					(10,619) 18,865	(10,744) 19,057	(29)	4,	(1,230) 4,286				(6,148) 9,974			(227) 1,064		- 2	(45) 128	(45) 130	(18,394) 34,513	(112)	(18,506) 34,687		(504) 1,164	(19,010) 35,851
增加、 4月1日 電新归类及 和整 调整 1 Additions, reclassification 1 April and	2020 adjustments1 百万元 百万元 (港币) (港币) HKSM HKSM				19,618 9,866	19,889 9,912	134 17	∞	4,602 914				9,995 6,127	ć		592 699 594 699		2	125 48	127 48	35,207	82 204	35,289 17,904		1,227	36,516 18,345
2022年 202 3月31日 4月 31March 1A					18,994	19,036	99	1,059	1,119		167	14,605	14,772	ç	10	1,664		ဇ	207	210	36,819	204	37,023		1,156	38,179
棒拨予 其他资产类别 或开支 Transfer to n other asset	l I				3 (9,284)	(9,367)	36 (98)	(3,	6 (3,863)				0 (2,672)			(228)		1	(1)	(1)	8 (16,132)	3 (183)	1 (16,315)		(469)	2 (16,784)
增加、 重新归类及 司 调整 ¹ Additions, reclassification	adjustments ¹ 百万元 (補币) HKSM				18,865 9,413	057 9,346	122 30	9	4,286 696				9,974 7,470			1,064 828		2	128 80	130 81	513 18,438	174 213	18,651		1,164 461	851 19,112
2021年 4月1日 1April	202 <u>1</u> 百万元 (港市) HKSM		development ntal housing		18,8	19,057	lic rental housing		4,2	Subsidised sale flats (Domestic)		2,6		Subsidised sale flats (Commercial)		1,0		on			34,513		34,687	orks Fund count		ects in progress 35,851
		(a) Housing Capital Works Fund - Construction Account	(i) Properties under development New public rental housing	Site formation	Buildings		Redeveloped pub Site formation	Buildings		Subsidised sale	Site formation	Buildings		Subsidised sale	Site Iormanon	Buildings	Authority offices	Site formation	Buildings		Sub-total	(ii) Computer systems and equipment	Total	(b) Housing Capital Works Fund - Improvement Account	Improvement works on buildings	Total capital works/projects in progress
		(a) 房屋建设工程基金 - 建筑工程帐目	(j) 兴建中的物业 新建公共租住房屋	地盘平整	楼宁		重建公共租住房屋 协盘平整			资助出售单位(住宅)	地盘平整	発		资助出售单位(商业) 独党运费	湖 十 祖	小	房委会办事处	地盘平整	楼宇		小计	(ii) 电脑系统及设备	合计	(b) 房屋建设工程基金 - 改善工程帐目	楼宇改善工程	进行中的基本工程/计划总额

| 本栏包括增加数额、把计划重新扫类,以及就注销已拍卖或改作其他用途的土地的发展成本所作调整。

Included in this column are additions, reclassification among project types and adjustments for expensing the development costs arising from aborting the development of the sites already auctioned or turned into other uses.

9 无形资产

9 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

				2022	2021
				百万元 (港币)	百万元 (港币)
				HK\$M	HK\$M
	电脑软件牌照和系统发展成本		Computer software licences and		
			system development costs		
	成本:		Cost:		
	年初		At beginning of year	1,868	1,776
	添置		Additions	165	94
	刪减		Disposals	(25)	(2)
	年终		At end of year	2,008	1,868
	累计摊销:		Accumulated amortisation:		
	年初		At beginning of year	(1,703)	(1,586)
	年内折旧		Charge for the year	(111)	(119)
	删减时回拨		Written back on disposals	25	2
	年终		At end of year	(1,789)	(1,703)
	年终帐面净值		Net book value at end of year	219	165
10	租赁 1	10	LEASES		
	(a) 使用权资产		(a) Right-of-use assets		
				2022	2021
				百万元	百万元
				(港币) HK\$M	(港币) HK\$M
	物业		Premises		
	成本:		Cost:		
	年初		At beginning of year	107	101
	添置		Additions	12	6
	年终		At end of year	119	107
	累积折旧:		Accumulated depreciation:		
	年初		At beginning of year	(45)	(16)
	年内折旧 ¹		Charge for the year ¹	(29)	(29)
	年终		At end of year	(74)	(45)
	年终帐面净值		Net book value at end of year	45	62

¹ 使用权资产的折旧记入其他经常开支。

¹ Depreciation charge of right-of-use assets is included in other recurrent expenditure.

10 租赁(续)

10 LEASES (Continued)

(b)	租赁负债 (b)	Lease Liabilities		
(6)	шили	,U)	Ecase Enablitics		2021 百万元 (港币) HK\$M
				пкри	пкфи
	流动		Current	22	31
	非流动		Non-current		35
				48	66
	下表显示租赁负债的变动,包括现金及非现金变动。		The table below shows changes in lease liabilities, including both cash and non-cash changes.		
	年初		At beginning of year	66	89
	来自融资现金流量的变动:		Changes from financing cash flows:		
	租赁负债的款项		Payments of lease liabilities	(31)	(29)
	非现金变动:		Non-cash changes:		
	租赁负债的利息支出		Interest expense on lease liabilities	1	1
	与新租赁有关的租赁负债增加 年终		Increase in lease liabilities relating to new leases At end of year	<u>12</u> 48	<u>5</u>
	十 校		At end of year		
	租赁负债的剩余合约期限列载如下,有关资料是根据合约未贴现的现金流量列出:		The remaining contractual maturities of lease liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows, are shown below:		
	1年内		Within 1 year	23	31
	1年后但2年内		After 1 year but within 2 years	17	17
	2年后但5年内		After 2 years but within 5 years	9	19
	5年后		After 5 years		
				49	67
(c)	于全面收益表内确认的租赁相关的支出 (项目	(c)	Expense items in relation to leases recognised in the statement of comprehensive income		
					2021 百万元 (港币) HK\$M
	租赁负债的利息支出		Interest expense on lease liabilities	1	1
(d)	租赁现金流出总额 (d)	Total cash outflow for leases		
				2022	2021
				百万元	百万元
				(港币) HK\$M	(港币) HK\$M
	租赁负债		Lease liabilities	31	29

		2022	2021
		百万元	百万元
		(港币)	(港币)
		HK\$M	HK\$M
流动	Current	-	32,920
非流动	Non-current	34,887	5,231
		34,887	38,151

外汇基金存款结余为 348.87 亿港元 (2021: 381.51 亿港元), 其中 200 亿港元 (2021:250 亿港元) 为本金总额,148.87 亿港元 (2021:131.51 亿港元)为报 告日期已入帐但尚未提取的利息。该等存款的年期由 每笔存款各自的存放日期起计,为期6年。在存放期 间房委会不可要求提早偿还本金。

外汇基金存款利息于每年1月厘定。该息率是外汇基 金投资组合过去6年的平均年度投资回报,或3年期政 府债券在上一个年度的平均年度收益(下限为 0%),两 者取其较高者。2022年固定息率为每年5.6%,2021年 为每年 4.7%。

The balance of the placements with the Exchange Fund amounted to HK\$34,887 million (2021: HK\$38,151 million), being the total principal sums of HK\$20,000 million (2021:HK\$25,000 million) plus HK\$14,887 million (2021: HK\$13,151 million) interest credited but not yet withdrawn at the reporting date. The term of the placements is for a period of six years from the respective dates of placements. The Authority shall not demand repayment of the principal sums during the period of placements.

Interest on the placements is determined in January each year. The rate is the average annual investment return of the Exchange Fund's Investment Portfolio for the past six years or the average annual yield of three-year Government Bond for the previous year subject to a minimum of zero percent, whichever is the higher. The interest rate has been fixed at 5.6% per annum for 2022 and at 4.7% per annum for 2021.

12 自置居所/置业资助贷款 HOME PURCHASE/HOME ASSISTANCE LOANS

			2022				2021		
		自置居所 贷款计划 (附注 12a 及 d)	优惠 自置居所 贷款计划 (附注 12b 及 d)	置业资助 贷款计划 (附注 12c)	中	自置居所 贷款计划 (附注 12a 及 d)	优惠 自置居所 贷款计划 (附注 12b 及 d)	置业资助 贷款计划 (附注 12c)	拉如
			Enhanced				Enhanced		
		Home	Home	Home		Home	Home	Home	
		Purchase	Purchase	Assistance		Purchase	Purchase	Assistance	
		Loan Scheme	Loan Scheme	Loan Scheme	Total	Loan Scheme	Loan Scheme	Loan Scheme	Total
		(Notes 12a & d)	(Notes 12b & d)	(Note 12c)		(Notes 12a & d)	(Notes 12b & d)	(Note 12c)	
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元
		(平) (平) (H)	(旧 (日 (日 (日 (日 (日 (日 (日 (日 (日	(平規)	(年期)	(海形) HK &M	(_年) W\$ XH	(半半) HX &M	(上来)
果面 说	Gross carrying amount:					TATO TO THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	William I		TATOMIT
大量 文章 田 在 到 由	At beginning of year	122	21	12	155	125	21	16	162
偿还的贷款	Loan repayments			(5)	(5)	Ξ	1	(4)	(5)
公教被	Loans written off	(1)	•	<u> </u>	Ξ	(5)	1	` '	(2)
年终	At end of year	121	21	7	149	122	21	12	155
口标允许在书及。	Termorimonat allowomen for doubtful looms								
宋·戊草/炙) (文) (文) (文) (文) (文) (文) (文) (文) (文) (文	impailment anowance for dodorul toans.								
年初	At beginning of year	(122)	(21)	(2)	(145)	(124)	(21)	(2)	(147)
回拨的减值损失	Impairment loss reversed			•	•	1	•	•	•
欠裝 搬聚	Loans written off	1	•	•	1	2			2
年终	At end of year	(121)	(21)	(2)	(144)	(122)	(21)	(2)	(145)
年终帐面值	Carrying amount at end of year	•	1	w	w	ı		10	10
列为流动资产的部分(附注14)	Portion classified as current assets (Note 14)	,	,	(3)	(3)	1	1	(4)	(4)
列为非流动资产的部分	Portion classified as non-current assets			2	2			9	9

12 自置居所/置业资助贷款(续)

(a) 自置居所贷款计划

自置居所贷款计划为房委会及房屋协会辖下屋邨的现居住户及已确定合资格人住公共房屋的准住户提供免息贷款,协助他们购买私人楼宇或居屋第二市场单位。这些贷款的最长还款期为20年。自置居所贷款计划已于2002年12月31日终止。

(b) 优惠自置居所贷款计划

优惠自置居所贷款计划于1995年6月通过实施,由发展基金拨款,于1995-96年度及1996-97年度为绿表申请人提供免息贷款或补助金,鼓励他们自行置业,从而腾出租住单位再作编配。这些贷款按楼宇按揭予银行的年期摊还,最长为20年。

(c) 置业资助贷款计划

置业资助贷款计划于 2003 年 1 月 2 日推出,取代 自 置 居 所 贷 款 计 划 , 计 划 及 后 于 2004 年 7 月 14 日终止。这类免息贷款的最长还 款期为 20 年。

(d) 出售自置居所贷款

2000-01 年度,房委会与香港按揭证券有限公司 达成协议,分批出售自置居所贷款予该公司,最 后一批贷款于 2003 年 11 月出售。贷款以面值出 售,其后房委会须按扣除借款人偿还本金后的已 出售贷款余额,每月缴付按香港银行同业拆息为 基准计算的利息。在出售贷款后,估计未来利息 款 额 的 现 值 已 确 认 为 开 支 和 负 债 。 于 2022 年 3 月 31 日,在拨备及其他负债(附 注 18)下呈报的剩余负债为 6 万港元(2021: 30 万港元)。

12 HOME PURCHASE/HOME ASSISTANCE LOANS (Continued)

(a) Home Purchase Loan Scheme (HPLS)

The HPLS provides interest-free loans to assist sitting tenants of the Authority and the Housing Society, and prospective tenants with established eligibility for public housing to purchase flats in the private sector as well as those under the Secondary Market Scheme. The loans are repayable over a period up to a maximum of 20 years. The HPLS was terminated on 31 December 2002.

(b) Enhanced Home Purchase Loan Scheme

The enhanced HPLS was approved in June 1995 to provide interest-free loans and subsidies funded by the Development Fund to the green form applicants who could apply for assistance under the Scheme during 1995-96 and 1996-97, with a view to encouraging them to purchase flats and give up their rental flats for re-allocation. The loans are repayable over the same period as the bank mortgage taken out on the property, up to a maximum of 20 years.

(c) Home Assistance Loan Scheme (HALS)

The HALS was implemented from 2 January 2003 to replace the HPLS. The HALS was terminated on 14 July 2004. The interest-free loans are repayable over a period of up to a maximum of 20 years.

(d) Sale of Home Purchase Loans

The Authority entered into an agreement with The Hong Kong Mortgage Corporation Limited (HKMC) in 2000-01 whereby home purchase loans were sold to the HKMC in tranches. The last tranche of loan sale was completed in November 2003. The loans were sold at par and a monthly interest is payable at rates based on Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rate (HIBOR) on the balance of the portfolio sold after repayment of principal by the borrowers of home purchase loans. The present value of the estimated future interest payments was recognised as an expense and a liability when the loans were sold. As at 31 March 2022, the remaining liability, reported under provisions and other liabilities (Note 18), amounted to HK\$0.06 million (2021: HK\$0.3 million).

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16

13 INVENTORIES

			2022 百万元 (港币) HK\$M	
未售的居屋/绿置居计划单位存货		Stock of unsold HOS/GSH flats	14	1,108
仓存及备件		Stores and spares	1	1
			15	1,109
本年度售出的居屋/绿置居计划单位为 4,107个 (2021:5,423个)。于 2022年3月31日,房委会有17个单位存货(2021:902个)。		During the year, 4,107 units of HOS/GSH flats (2021: 5,423 units). As at 31 March 2022, balance consisted of 17 units (2021: 902 units).		
应收帐项、按金和预付款项	14	DEBTORS, DEPOSITS AND PREPAY	MENTS	
		-	2022	2021
			百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
应收帐项		Debtors	347	568
应收外汇基金存款利息		Interest receivable from the placements with the Exchange Fund	482	442
其他应收利息		Other interest receivable	14	5
应收股息		Dividends receivable	15	12
应收股息税退还款项		Dividend tax refund receivable	5	4
未交收的售出及赎回证券 自置居所/置业资助贷款(附注 12)		Unsettled sales and redemption of securities Home Purchase/Home Assistance Loans (Note 12)	318	23
按金		Deposits	68	75
预付款项		Prepayments	4	2
租赁獎励的摊销		Lease incentives amortisation	487	549
			1,743	1,684
证券投资和银行存款	15	INVESTMENTS IN SECURITIES AND	D BANK DE	POSITS
			2022	2021
			百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
以摊销成本列帐的银行存款,存款原 到期日		Bank deposits at amortised cost, with original maturities		
不超过 3 个月(附注 16)		not more than 3 months (Note 16)	1,829	3,833
超过3个月但不超过1年		over 3 months but not more than 1 year	13,573	6,804
			15,402	10,637
以公平值列帐的证券		Securities at fair value		
股本证券		equity securities	8,274	8,529
投资总额		Total investments	23,676	19,166
现金及等同现金	16	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
			2022	2021
			百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
银行结余和现金		Bank balances and cash	349	566
原到期日不超过 3 个月的银行存款 (附注 15)		Bank deposits with original maturities not more than 3 months (Note 15)	1,829	3,833

17 应付帐项、按金和其他应付 17 CREDITORS, DEPOSITS AND OTHER PAYABLES 款项

		2022	2021
		百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
应付帐项和应计项目	Creditors and accruals	4,183	3,595
未交收的购入证券	Unsettled purchases of securities	325	52
应付保管人和投资经理费用	Payable for custodian's and fund		
	managers' fees	9	10
租户按金	Tenants' deposits	1,633	1,558
已收出售居屋/租置/绿置居计划	Deposits received for sale of		
单位按金	HOS/TPS/GSH flats	1,418	295
其他按金	Other deposits	72	70
工程保证金	Retention money	1,332	1,412
算定损害赔偿扣除额	Liquidated damages deductions	194	151
		9,166	7,143

18 拨备及其他负债 18 PROVISIONS AND OTHER LIABILITIES

			2022			2021	
		流动部分	非流动 部分 Non-	合计	流动 部分	非流动 部分 Non-	合计
		Current portion	current portion	Total	Current portion	current portion	Total
		百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
雇员福利拨备	Provision for employee benefits	1,584	-	1,584	1,692	-	1,692
维修和小型改善工程拨备	Provision for maintenance and minor improvements	-	200	200	-	223	223
预收租金	Rent received in advance	359	-	359	361	-	361
与石油气有关的未摊销收入	Unamortised income relating to liquefied petroleum gas	3	12	15	3	14	17
就出售自置居所贷款计划的 贷款须支付的利息(附注 12(d))	Interest payable on HPLS loans sold (Note 12(d))	-	-	-	-	-	-
与已出售居屋/绿置居计划单位 有关的土地成本拨备	Land cost provisions relating to sold HOS/GSH flats	-	517	517	-	454	454
与已出售和已拆售物业有关 的剩余建筑款项	Residual construction payment relating to sold and divested properties	462		462	517		517
	divested properties	462	-	462	517	-	317
审计费用拨备	Provision for audit fees	8	-	8	8	-	8
按揭还款保证开支拨备 (附注 26(b)(v))	Provision for mortgage default guarantee payments (Note 26(b)(v))	3	-	3	-	-	-
按揭还款保证的预期信贷损失拨备	Provision for expected credit losses on mortgage				25		2-
	default guarantees	54	-	54	27	-	27
其他	Others	7		7	8_	-	8
		2,480	729	3,209	2,616	691	3,307

19 政府的资助

		2022	非住宅 楼宇权益	domestic equity
			住宅楼宇	Domestic housing
	(a) Amount included in the accounts (Note 1(b))			
GOVERNMENT'S CONTRIBUTION	(a) 记帐款项(附注 1(b))			

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住宅楼宇

合并

2021

非住宅 楼宇权益 Non-domestic equity

Total

Domestic housing

Total

背自前发展贷款基金的款项	于1976年3月31日的累积免息贷款	政府在 1976 年 4 月 1 日至 1988 年 3 月 31 日	就公共租住房屋住宅及非住宅楼宇贷款放弃	收取的利息
THIY.	于1976年3	政府在 1976	就公共租住	收取的利息

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housing during the period 1.4.1976 to 31.3.1988	2,505	1.226
	housing during the period 1.4.1976 to 31.3.1988	(ii) Transfer value of Government built estates and staff quarters

	827	(iii) Home Ownership Scheme Unsold stock of flats and construction in progress at 31.3.1988 transferred from Government
149	1,226	(ii) Transfer value of Government built estates and staff quarters

(iii) 居者有其屋计划 1988 年 3 月 31 日转拨自政府的未售单位存货 及进行中工程

(ii) 转拨子房委会的政府所建屋邨及职员宿舍的价值

	(b) 不记帐款项(附注 1(b))	(b) Amount not included in the accounts (Note 1(b))						
				2022			2021	
			住宅楼字	非住宅 楼宇权益 Non-	合计	住宅楼宇	非住宅 楼宇权益 Non-	
			Domestic housing	domestic equity	Total	Domestic housing	domestic equity	
			百万元 (稀币) HK\$M	百万元 (補币) HKSM	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	
	(i) 于1973 年 3 月 31 日的前屋宇建设委员会土地重估价值盈余	(i) Land revaluation surplus up to 31.3.1973 pertaining to the predecessor Authority	93	∞	101	93	∞	
	(ii) 由政府拨付的土地价值 自1973 年 4 月 1 日以来兴建的公共租住屋邨及职员宿舍 房委会办事处	 (ii) Value of land provided by Government since 1.4.1973 pertaining to public rental housing estates and staff quarters for offices of the Authority 	339,398	39,003 140	378,401 140	327,362	36,763 140	
2.1	(iii) 居者有其屋计划及绿表置居计划 十足市值地价与土地成本之间的差价 非住宅楼宇的土地价值 解除转让限制所收补价	(iii) Home Ownership Scheme and Green Form Subsidised Home Ownership Scheme difference between the land value (at full market value) and the land cost land value for non-domestic elements premium on removal of alienation restriction	193,781	3,979	193,781 3,979 8,997	188,550	4,000	
	(iv) 租者置其屋计划 楼宇建成时的十足市值地价与土地成本之间的差价	(iv) Tenants Purchase Scheme difference between the land value (at full market value) at completion of the buildings and the land cost	27,430		27,430	26,664		
	(v) 可租可买计划 十足市值地价与土地成本之间的差价 非住宅楼字的土地价值	(v) Buy or Rent Option Scheme difference between the land value (at full market value) and the land cost land value for non-domestic elements	1,818	- 10	1,818	1,818	- 10	
			571,517	43,140	614,657	553,151	40,921	

364,125 140

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Total 百万元 (港币) HK\$M

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188,550 4,000 8,664 1,818

594,072

26,664

房屋建设工程基金 HOUSING CAPITAL WORKS FUND

			2022			2021	
		建筑工程帐目	改善工程 张目	中	建筑工程帐目	改善工程 帐目	包
		Construction Account	Improvement Account	Total	Construction Account	Improvement Account	Total
		百万元 (港币)	百万元 (港币)	百万元 (港币)	百万元 (港币)	百万元 (港币)	百万元 (港币)
		HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
年初结余	Balance at beginning of year	43,854	3,164	47,018	44,403	3,227	47,630
转拨自/(往)累积盈余	Transfer from/(to) accumulated surplus	2,219	(6)	2,210	(549)	(63)	(612)
年终结余	Balance at end of vear	46.073	3.155	49,228	43.854	3.164	47.018

21 发展基金

21 DEVELOPMENT FUND

		2022	2021
		百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
年初结余	Balance at beginning of year	37,611	33,128
转拨自累积盈余	Transfer from accumulated surplus	642	4,483
年终结余	Balance at end of year	38,253	37,611

为了把资源全面投放于核心业务, 致力发展资助公共房屋,房委会于 2005 年 11 月藉首次公开发售领 汇房产基金单位,把辖下零售及停 车 场 设 施 拆 售 。 房 委 会 在 2005-06 年度已确认因拆售而录得 净额 140.96 亿港元的盈余。管理 层在计算盈余时,已就拆售开支作 出估计。如实际开支与估计有出入 ,有关开支须予调整。

在本年度,房委会的拆售开支下调净额为300万港元 (2021:没有调整)。

23 关连人士交易

除本财务报表其他部分所披露的资料外,房委会与政府进行的重大交易和各项未清款额如下:

(a) 来自政府的收入

租金收入

政府就房委会提供服务而付还 的有关成本

监督由政府付还款项工程的间 接成本

其他收入

22 DIVESTMENT OF RETAIL AND CARPARKING FACILITIES

To enable the Authority to focus its resources on its core function as a provider of subsidised public housing, the Authority divested its retail and carparking facilities by selling the concerned facilities through an initial public offering of units in The Link Real Estate Investment Trust (Link REIT) in November 2005. The Authority recognised a net surplus of HK\$14,096 million as a result of the divestment in the year 2005-06. In determining the surplus, management made estimates concerning the divestment expenditure. Adjustments to the expenditure will be required if actual results differ from the estimates.

During the year, the Authority's net downward adjustment on divestment related expenditure was HK\$3 million (2021: no adjustment).

23 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to those disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Authority had the following material transactions and outstanding balances with the Government:

(a)	Income received from the Government		
	Rental income	82	1,409
	Reimbursement of costs of services provided to the Government	523	459
	Supervision on-costs in respect of Government reimbursable projects	124	159
	Other income	4	3
		733	2,030

23 关连人士交易(续) 23 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

				2022	2021
				百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
(b)	应从政府收回的款项	(b)	Amount due from the Government		
	政府拨款之建筑工程的应收款项		Receivable for Government-funded construction projects	-	-
	应从政府收回的租金		Receivable from Government for rental payment	_	4
	可退还地租及差饷		Government rent and rates refundable	15	20
	应收的红利		Dividend receivable	-	58
	按金及其他		Deposits and others	1	11
				16	02
				16	93
				2022	2021
				百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
(c)	应付予政府的款项	(c)	Amount due to the Government		
	土地成本		Land cost	1,414	1,782
	政府垫付的租金		Advance from Government for rental payment	1	-
	应付的差饷		Payable for Government rates	6	11
	就政府拨款的代理工作多收的款项		Over-recovery on Government funded agency functions	1	62
	应付的红利		Dividend payable	132	-
	其他(例如:公司和土地查册)		Others (e.g. company and land searches)	51	45
				1,605	1,900

24 或有负债

(a) 已作出的财务担保

关于银行及其他认可财务机构就已售资助出售单位提供的按揭贷款,于 2022 年 3 月 31 日,房委会已作出而仍有效的按揭还款保证如下:

(i) 已售出的居屋/私人参建/可租可买/绿 置居计划单位

房委会就居屋/私人参建/可租可买/绿置居计划下兴建和出售的单位作出的还款保证,属于第一市场的为 476.37 亿港元(2021:436.64 亿港元),属于第二市场的则为298.84 亿港元(2021:260.42 亿港元)。然而,房委会认为,除非有关单位重售所得的款项,不足以抵销未偿还给银行及其他财务机构的按揭债项,否则无须承担财务风险。房委会据此估计在第一市场的财务风险为20.06 亿港元(2021:23.13 亿港元),在第二市场的财务风险为16.27 亿港元(2021:2.05 亿港元)。

(ii) 已售出的租置计划单位

房委会就已售出的租置计划单位作出的还款保证,属于第一市场的为 47.53 亿港元 (2021:41.37 亿港元),属于第二市场的则为 46.33 亿港元(2021:40.89 亿港元)。然而,根据上文第(i)项的理据,并且假设有关物业能在转让限制期首两年内以原价重售、在转让限制期第3至5年内以当时的租置计划单位价格(减去第一市场单位折上折优惠所涉及的实际金额)重售,以及在转让限制期届满后以当时市值扣除应付补价后的价格重售,房委会估计在第一市场并无财务风险(2021:无),在第二市场的财务风险则为 2.73 亿港元(2021:3.40 亿港元)。

(b) 楼宇结构安全保证

所有新落成的居屋/私人参建/可租可买/绿置居计划屋苑均享有楼宇结构安全保证,保证由屋苑竣工日期起计10年内(天水围地区则为20年内)有效。2007年出售居屋计划和私人参建计划的剩余单位,亦会获提供10年楼宇结构安全保证(天水围地区则为20年),以未发售大厦首个推售期的选楼日首天起计。于2022年3月31日,仍在楼宇结构安全保证期限内的居屋/私人参建/可租可买/绿置居计划单位有24,651个(2021:24,309个)。然而,房委会无法在合理情况下确定为作出楼宇结构安全保证而须承担的负债,因此,除用于楼宇结构安全保证的实际维修费用外,房委会因有关保证而或须承担的负债尚未在财务报表内确认。本年度的维修费用为10万港元(2021:50万港元)。

24 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(a) Financial guarantees issued

As at 31 March 2022, the Authority had outstanding mortgage default guarantees issued in respect of mortgage loans made by banks and other authorised financial institutions on subsidised sale flats sold as follows:

(i) HOS/PSPS/BRO/GSH flats sold

Default guarantees for flats built and sold under HOS/PSPS/BRO/GSH amounted to HK\$47,637 million (2021: HK\$43,664 million) for the primary market and HK\$29,884 million (2021: HK\$26,042 million) for the secondary market. However, it is the Authority's view that it will have a financial exposure only if the outstanding indebtedness of mortgages to banks and other financial institutions cannot be covered by proceeds from resale of the flats concerned. The Authority estimates its financial exposure to be HK\$2,006 million (2021:HK\$2,313 million) for the primary market and HK\$1,627 million (2021: HK\$205 million) for the secondary market.

(ii) TPS flats sold

Default guarantees for flats sold under TPS amounted to HK\$4,753 million (2021: HK\$4,137 million) for the primary market and HK\$4,633 million (2021: HK\$4,089 million) for the secondary market. However, following the rationale in (i) above and assuming that the properties can be re-sold at the original selling price for flats within the first 2 years of the alienation restriction period, at the prevailing TPS price for flats from the 3rd to the 5th year of such period (less the actual amount of special credit for primary market flats) and at the prevailing market price less premium payable after the alienation restriction period, the Authority estimates it has no financial exposure (2021: Nil) for the primary market and its financial exposure for the secondary market is HK\$273 million (2021: HK\$340 million).

(b) Structural Safety Guarantee

Structural Safety Guarantee (SSG) covers all newly completed HOS/PSPS/BRO/GSH developments for a period of 10 years (20 years for Tin Shui Wai area) from the date of completion. Pursuant to the sale of surplus HOS and PSPS flats in 2007, a SSG for a period of 10 years (20 years for Tin Shui Wai area) is also offered to cover each unsold block of these flats from the commencement date of flat selection period of the first sale phase. As at 31 March 2022, there were 24,651 units (2021: 24,309 units) of HOS/PSPS/BRO/GSH flats covered by the SSG. However, the Authority's liabilities under the SSG could not be reasonably ascertained and have not been recognised in the financial statements, except for the actual repair costs incurred under the SSG. During the year, such repair costs amounted to HK\$0.1 million (2021: HK\$0.5 million).

25 资本承担

于 2022 年 3 月 31 日,房委会没有在财务报表内作出拨备的未履行合约资本承担计有:

基本工程/计划 公共租住房屋/绿置居 计划建筑计划	Capital Works/Projects Public rental housing/GSF
居屋计划建筑计划	HOS construction projects
其他计划	Other projects

26 财务风险管理

风险管理是房委会财务政策和程序不可或缺的一环。 房委会财务小组委员会负责提供财务政策方面的意 见,并且监督房委会的资金管理事宜,而其下设有资 金管理附属小组委员会,就房委会的资金管理政策、 策略和指引,以及聘请和监督外聘投资经理等各方面 提供意见。现把主要的财务风险管理措施概述如下:

(a) 流动资金风险

房委会每日均监察其现金流量,而其投资管理乃基于确保有足够资金应付资本开支和营运需要的首要目标而实行。由于房委会的流动资金情况良好,其流动资金风险程度属于极低。

(b) 市场及信贷风险

房委会的金融工具涉及利率风险、货币风险、股价风险、其他市场风险及信贷风险。房委会已订立全面的资金管理政策和投资指引,以确保能持续审慎地监察和管理所承受的各项风险。

(i) 利率风险

房委会的计息资产主要包括按固定利率计 息的银行存款。房委会根据已审批的策略 和基准监察该等利率风险。由于银行存款 以摊销成本计量,其帐面值以及房委会的 收入和累积盈余,不会受市场利率的变动 所影响。

房委会出售自置居所贷款后须付的利息(附注 12(d)),以香港银行同业拆息为基准来计算。房委会须承受现金流量利率风险,原因是未来的利息付款会随市场利率变化而波动。不过,由于房委会以其投资组合中的短期计息资产(一年内到期)作自然对冲,因此该等利率风险并不大。于 2022 年 3 月 31 日,已出售自置居所贷款的尚欠本金余额为 1.80 亿港元(2021:1.98 亿港元),而平均剩余到期时间为8个月(2021:13个月)。

(ii) 货币风险

在管理货币风险方面, 房委会的投资指引 对所承受的货币风险设有限制。

房委会以港元以外的货币为单位的投资资产,主要以美元为单位,其余以其他可自由兑换的主要国际货币为单位。倘港元兑相关货币的汇率出现波动,该等以港元列示的投资资产价值会随之而变动。

25 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The Authority had the following contractual capital commitments outstanding at 31 March 2022 not provided for in the financial statements:

2022	2021
百万元	百万元
(港币)	(港币)
HK\$M	HK\$M
27,377	28,880
10,824	5,293
2,448	2,642
40,649	36,815

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk management is an integral part of the Authority's financial policies and processes. The Authority's Finance Committee advises on financial policies and oversees the management of funds of the Authority. The Finance Committee has established a Funds Management Sub-Committee to advise on the Authority's funds management policies, strategies, guidelines, and the appointment and monitoring of external fund managers. The key financial risk management practices are highlighted below:

(a) Liquidity risk

The Authority's cash flows are monitored on a daily basis and its investments are managed with the primary objective of ensuring that sufficient funds are available to meet capital expenditure and operational needs. As the Authority has a strong liquidity position, it has a very low level of liquidity risk.

(b) Market and credit risks

The Authority's financial instruments are subject to interest rate risk, currency risk, equity price risk, other market risk and credit risk. Comprehensive funds management policy and investment guidelines are in place to ensure that the exposures to these risks are monitored and managed prudently on an ongoing basis.

(i) Interest rate risk

The Authority's interest-bearing assets include mainly bank deposits which bear interest at fixed rates. The Authority monitors its interest rate risk with reference to the approved strategies and benchmarks. Since bank deposits are all measured at amortised cost, their carrying amounts and the Authority's income and accumulated surplus will not be affected by changes in market interest rates.

The Authority's interest payable on home purchase loans sold (Note 12(d)) is at HIBOR-based rates. The Authority is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk since future interest payments will fluctuate with changes in market interest rates. However, such interest rate risk is not material as it is naturally hedged by short-term interest-bearing assets (with maturity of 1 year or less) in the Authority's investment portfolio. As at 31 March 2022, the outstanding principal balance of the home purchase loans sold was HK\$180 million (2021: HK\$198 million) and their average remaining maturity was 8 months (2021: 13 months).

(ii) Currency risk

On currency risk management, the investment guidelines set limits on currency exposure.

The Authority's investment assets in currencies other than Hong Kong dollars are denominated mainly in US dollars with the remaining in other freely convertible major international currencies. When the exchange rates of the relevant currencies against the Hong Kong dollar fluctuate, the value of these investment assets expressed in Hong Kong dollar will vary accordingly.

26 财务风险管理(续)

(b) 市场及信贷风险(续)

(ii) 货币风险(续)

下表概述房委会在报告日期的货币风险:

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Market and credit risks (Continued)

(ii) Currency risk (Continued)

The table below summarises the Authority's currency exposures at the reporting date:

	2022		2021	
	资产 Assets	负债 Liabilities	资产 Assets	负债 Liabilities
	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
美元 US dollars	4,969	186	4,547	24
欧元 Euro	1,034	32	997	3
其他 Others	1,385	91	1,341	3
	7,388	309	6,885	30

其他大部分为主要已发展国家的货币。

敏感度分析显示,在报告日期美元兑港元的汇率出现 0.5% (2021:0.5%)升幅/跌幅的情况下,年内盈余会增加/减少 2,400 万港元 (2021:2,300 万港元)。

敏感度分析显示,在报告日期外币(美元除外)兑港元的汇率出现 5% (2021:5%)升幅/跌幅的情况下,年内盈余会增加/减少1.15 亿港元(2021:1.17 亿港元)。

拟备上述敏感度分析时,假设一切其他变数维持不变,汇率的变动已应用于在报告 日期持有的金融工具。

(iii) 股价风险

股价风险是因股价变动而引致亏损的风险。房委会的股本投资涉及股价风险,因为这些投资的价值会因股价下跌而减少。于2022年3月31日,所有股本投资均如附注15所示,以公平值计量。

敏感度分析显示,在报告日期股价出现 15% (2021:15%) 升幅/跌幅的情况下,年 内盈余会增加/减少 12.41 亿港元 (2021: 12.79 亿港元)。拟备敏感度分析时,假设一 切其他变数维持不变,股价的变动已应用 于在报告日期持有的股本投资。

(iv) 其他市场风险

外汇基金存款利息因每年 1 月厘定的息率 (附注11)出现变动而受其他市场风险影响。 敏感度分析显示,以 2021 年及 2022 年的息率出现 50 基点升幅/跌幅,而一切其他变数维持不变的情况下,年内盈余会增加/减少 1.83 亿港元 (2021:1.87 亿港元)。 Others include mainly currencies of major developed countries.

Sensitivity analysis based on a 0.5% (2021: 0.5%) increase/decrease in the exchange rate of the US dollar against the Hong Kong dollar at the reporting date shows that the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$24 million (2021: HK\$23 million).

Sensitivity analysis based on a 5% (2021: 5%) increase/decrease in the exchange rates of the foreign currencies other than US dollar against the Hong Kong dollar at the reporting date shows that the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$115 million (2021: HK\$117 million).

The above sensitivity analyses have been prepared assuming that the change in exchange rates had been applied to the financial instruments in existence at the reporting date, with all other variables being held constant.

(iii) Equity price risk

Equity price risk is the risk of loss arising from changes in equity prices. The Authority's equity investments are subject to equity price risk since the value of these investments will decline if equity prices fall. As at 31 March 2022, all equity investments were measured at fair value as shown in Note 15.

Sensitivity analysis based on a 15% (2021: 15%) increase/decrease in equity prices at the reporting date shows that the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$1,241 million (2021: HK\$1,279 million). This sensitivity analysis has been prepared assuming that the change in equity prices had been applied to the equity investments in existence at the reporting date, with all other variables being held constant.

(iv) Other market risk

Interest on the placements with the Exchange Fund is subject to other market risk arising from changes in the interest rate which is determined in January each year (Note 11). Sensitivity analysis based on a 50 basis points increase/decrease in the interest rates for 2021 and 2022, with all other variables being held constant, shows that the surplus for the year would have increased/decreased by HK\$183 million (2021: HK\$187 million).

26 财务风险管理(续)

(b) 市场及信贷风险(续)

(v) 信贷风险

房委会在报告日期的最高信贷风险(未计及 任何所持有的抵押品或其他改善信贷质素 项目)列载如下:

外汇基金存款	Placements with the Exchange Fund
银行结余	Bank balances
银行存款	Bank deposits
应从政府收回的款项	Amount due from the Government
应收帐项和按金	Debtors and deposits
自置居所/ 置业资助贷款	Home Purchase/ Home Assistance Loans
按揭还款保证	Mortgage default guarantees

外汇基金存款及应从政府收回的款项的相 关信贷风险,均属偏低。

就房委会的投资的信贷风险而言,房委会的投资指引对信贷评级、个别交易对手风险和整体风险集中情况均有限制。

按穆迪或同等机构指定的评级,房委会的银行结余和银行存款的信贷质素分析如下:

Aa3 至 Aa1	Aa3 to Aa1
A3 至 A1	A3 to A1
A3 以下	Lower than A3

应收帐项和按金主要包括应收帐项、应收 利息、未交收的售出及赎回证券和按金, 其相关的信贷风险甚低。

自置居所/置业资助贷款是以按揭物业作 抵押。

房委会就银行和其他认可财务机构为售出的资助出售单位所提供的按揭贷款,作出按揭还款保证。有关贷款以按揭单位作抵押。于2022年3月31日,按揭还款保证开支的拨备为300万港元(2021:10万港元,附注18),而没有在财务报表内作出拨备的财务风险为39.06亿港元(2021:28.58亿港元,附注24(a))。

虽然其他金融资产须遵守减值规定,但房 委会估计有关资产的预期信贷损失甚微, 并认为无须作出损失准备。

26 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Market and credit risks (Continued)

(v) Credit risk

The Authority's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancements is shown below:

2022	2021
百万元	百万元
(港币)	(港币)
HK\$M	HK\$M
34,887	38,151
298	523
15,402	10,637
16	93
1,249	1,129
5	10
86,907	77,932
138,764	128,475

The credit risk associated with the placements with the Exchange Fund and amount due from the Government is considered to be low.

With respect to the credit risk of the Authority's investments, the Authority's investment guidelines set limits on credit rating, individual counterparty exposure and overall concentration of exposure.

An analysis of the credit quality of the Authority's bank balances and bank deposits, based on ratings designated by Moody's or their equivalents, is as follows:

2022	2021
百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
1,585	823
14,115	10,337
_	
15,700	11,160

Debtors and deposits mainly include debtors, interest receivable, unsettled sales and redemption of securities and deposits. The associated credit risk is minimal.

Home Purchase/Home Assistance Loans are secured by mortgages on properties.

Mortgage default guarantees are issued in respect of mortgage loans made by banks and other authorised financial institutions on subsidised sale flats sold. Those loans are secured by mortgages on the flats concerned. As at 31 March 2022, provision for mortgage default guarantee payments amounted to HK\$3 million (2021: HK\$0.1 million, Note 18), and the financial exposure not provided for in the financial statements amounted to HK\$3,906 million (2021: HK\$2,858 million, Note 24(a)).

While other financial assets are subject to the impairment requirements, the Authority has estimated that their expected credit losses are minimal and considers that no loss allowance is required.

27 金融工具的公平值

在活跃市场买卖的金融工具的公平值是根据报告日期 的市场报价厘定。如没有该等市场报价,则以现值或 其他估值方法以报告日期的市况数据评估其公平值。

下表按公平值等级列出在报告日期以公平值计量的金 融工具帐面值:

于 2022 年 3 月 31 日	As at 31 March 2022
资产	Assets
证券	Securities
于 2021 年 3 月 31 日	As at 31 March 2021
资产	Assets
证券	Securities

没有金融工具归入第2级和第3级。

本年度并无金融工具在公平值等级的第1级与第2级之间转拨(2021:并无等级之间的转拨)。

该三个公平值等级为:

第1级: 金融工具的公平值为相同的资产或负债于交 投活跃市场的报价(未经调整);

第2级:金融工具的公平值以第1级别公平值报价以 外资产或负债的直接(即如价格)或间接(即自 价格引伸)可观察数据厘定;以及

第3级:金融工具的公平值按非基于可观察市场数据,即不可观察数据厘定。

27 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The fair values of financial instruments traded in active markets are based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. In the absence of such quoted market prices, fair values are estimated using present value or other valuation techniques, using inputs based on market conditions existing at the reporting date.

The following table shows the carrying value of financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date according to the fair value hierarchy:

第1级	合计
Level 1	Total
百万元	百万元
(港币)	(港币)
HK\$M	HK\$M
8,274	8,274
8,529	8,529
0,527	0,527

No financial instruments were classified under Level 2 and Level 3.

During the year, there was no transfer of financial instruments between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy (2021: no transfer between levels).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

- Level 1: Fair values of financial instruments are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Fair values of financial instruments are determined involving inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (as prices) or indirectly (derived from prices); and
- Level 3: Fair values of financial instruments are determined with inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

28 房委会与政府之间的财政 安排所需的补充资料

28 SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT

(a) 综合拨付款项帐目

(a) CONSOLIDATED APPROPRIATION ACCOUNT

			2022 百万元	2021 百万元
		附注 Note	(港币) HK\$M	(港币) HK\$M
综合运作帐目盈余/(赤字)	Consolidated Operating Account surplus/ (deficit)			
租住房屋	Rental Housing	28(b)	201	(259)
商业楼宇	Commercial	28(c)	462	781
资助自置居所	Home Ownership Assistance	28(d)	7,462	8,278
小计	Sub-total		8,125	8,800
非运作(开支)/收入净额	Net non-operating (expenditure)/ income	6	(12)	43
			8,113	8,843
资金管理帐目盈余	Funds Management Account surplus	28(e)	1,596	5,077
代管服务帐目盈余	Agency Account surplus	28(f)	64	42
年内盈余	Surplus for the year		9,773	13,962
分配 年内付予政府的红利	Distribution Dividend to the Government for the year		(231)	(390)
分配后年内盈余	Surplus for the year after distribution		9,542	13,572

房委会与政府之间的财政安排所需的补充资料(续) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

			2022			2021	
		租住房屋 (不包括 中转房屋) ¹ Pertel Housing	中转房屋	中	租住房屋 (不包括 中转房屋) ¹ Rental Housing	中转房屋	中中
		(excluding	Interim	E A C	(excluding	Interim	E
		merim nousing) 百万元 (補币)	Housing 百万元 (新币)	10ほ 百万元 (補币)	merim rousing) 由万元 (補币)	Housing 百万元 (港币)	10tal 百万元 (港币)
	INCOME	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M	HK\$M
	Rental	18,053	20	18,073	16,952	21	16,973
	Other income TOTAL INCOME	18,135	20	18,155	110	21	17,089
	EXPENDITURE						
	Personal emoluments	3,285	9	3,291	3,350	9	3,356
	Government rent and rates	253	•	253	189		189
维修及改善工程	Maintenance and improvements	4,112	16	4,128	3,962	18	3,980
	Other recurrent expenditure	5,455	26	5,481	5,147	24	5,171
所旧及摊销 分担机构监督及支援服务支出	Depreciation and amortisation Share of corporate supervision and	4,597	13	4,610	4,419	13	4,432
	support services expenses	190	-	191	219	1	220
	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	17,892	62	17,954	17,286	62	17,348
年内运作盈余/(赤字)	Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year	243	(42)	201	(218)	(41)	(259)

¹ 租住房屋(不包括中转房屋)的总开支包括100万港元租金津贴相关的开支(2021:300万港元)。 ¹ Total expenditure of Rental Housing (excluding Interim Housing) includes expenditure related to rent allowance of HK\$1 million (2021: HK\$3 million).

房委会与政府之间的财政安排所需的补充资料(续) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

(c) 商业楼宇运作帐目	(c) COMMERCIAL OPERATING ACCOUNT	OUNT									
				2022					2021		
		南场	停车场	L H	福利 用途楼字	中	商场	停车场	L H	福利 用途楼宇	台
		Commercial					Commercial				
		Complex	Car Park	Factory	Welfare	Total	Complex	Car Park	Factory	Welfare	Total
		百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	百万元	田万元	四万元 (#王)	西万元 (集五)	面万元	田万元 (#.E)
		(西山) HK\$M	(Aprilia) HKSM	(Aprilia) HKSM	HK\$M	HKSM	(小型) HK\$M	(中山) HK\$M	(大郎三) HK\$M	(哈山) HK\$M	(76113) HK\$M
收入	INCOME										
租金	Rental	813	809	14	609	2,245	1,055	751	64	603	2,473
其他收入	Other income	7.1	3		09	134	58	3	1	57	118
总收入	TOTAL INCOME	884	812	14	699	2,379	1,113	754	64	099	2,591
开支	EXPENDITURE										
- 新子西州	Personal emoluments	205	72	29	81	387	214	72	31	81	398
地租及差饷	Government rent and rates	47	36		47	130	51	34		50	135
维修及改善工程	Maintenance and improvements	126	43	18	13	200	104	40	21	12	177
其他经常开支	Other recurrent expenditure	359	222	49	124	754	327	198	45	114	684
折旧及摊销	Depreciation and amortisation	180	133	œ	99	377	159	122	∞	54	343
分担机构监督及支援服务支出	Share of corporate supervision and										
	support services expenses	13	4	1	S	23	15	5	2	5	27
总开支	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	930	510	105	326	1,871	870	471	107	316	1,764
未计算特殊项目的运作盈余/(赤字)	Operating surplus/(deficit) before										
	exceptional items	(46)	302	(91)	343	208	243	283	(43)	344	827
特殊项目1	Exceptional items 1	(46)				(46)	(46)			,	(46)
年内运作盈余/(赤字)	Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year	(92)	302	(91)	343	462	197	283	(43)	344	781

[「]有兵金额是由房委会拨款进行的政府基建和社区设施开支。 These represent expenditure incurred on Government Infrastructure and Community facilities funded by the Authority.

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房委会与政府之间的财政安排所需的补充资料(续) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

	合计 Total	西万元 (湖市) HK\$M	14,783 974 118	15,875		453	21	31	35	623	5,117	1,826	2 6	6.974	7,597	8,278
	自置居所 贷款/ 置业资助 贷款计划 HPLS	百万元 (港币) HK\$M				18	٠,	7 -	-	22		1	' 6	Ξ	21	(21)
2021	租置计划	国万元 (港币) HK\$M	813 96 8	917		72	9 ;	10 2	9	96	47	52	2 6	103	199	718
	私人参建 计划 PSPS	西万元 (湖市) HKSM	- 241 4	245		32	2 .	4 -	т	42		,			42	203
	居屋/ 绿置B针划 HOS/ /GSH	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	13,970 637 106	14,713		331	13	67 27	25	463	5,070	1,774	' 00	6.872	7,335	7,378
	合计 Total	百万元 (補币) HK\$M	11,785 1,607 134	13,526		447	13	S 03	31	009	3,908	1,478	9 ;	5.464	6,064	7,462
	自軍配所 公教/ 國派资助 公教士/ 田PLS HALS	百万元 (補币) HKSM				15	. ,		1	18		1			18	(18)
2022	相置计划	百万元 (補币) HKSM	2,605 154 10	2,769		77	e (12	9	100	142	160	9 5	320	420	2,349
	私人参建 计划 PSPS	百万元 (補币) HKSM	392 4	396		29	7	9 -	7	40	•	•	•	'	40	356
NG ACCOUNT	居屋/ 绿置居计划 HOS	百万元 (補币) HKSM	9,180 1,061 120	10,361		326	∞ í	0 16	23	442	3,766	1,318	' 5	5.144	5,586	4,775
(d) HOME OWNERSHIP ASSISTANCE OPERATING ACCOUNT		INCOME	Sales Premium on removal of alienation restriction Other income	TOTAL INCOME	EXPENDITURE	Personal emoluments	Maintenance and improvements	Other recurrent expenditure Depreciation and amortisation	Share of corporate supervision and support services expenses	Sub-total	Expenditure on subsidised sale flats Construction cost and overheads	Government land cost	Cost of repurchased flats sold	Outer experiments	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	Operating surplus/(deficit) for the year

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房委会与政府之间的财政安排所需的补充资料(续) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT (Continued)

	资务 PB	元 百万元 5) (湖市) M HK\$M	- 1,602 0 80 2 3,352 0 100	5,134	ii 31 4 4 4 4 38 38 38 38	5 14 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	7 19	7.07.2
2021	由外轉投资 经理管理的 投资组合 Portfolios ith managed by ic external fund managers 3	 	- 80 3,352 100	3,532	31 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3		45	3,487
	外汇基金 存款 ² Placements with the Exchange Fund ²	百万元 (沸币) HK\$M	1,465	1,465		~ ' ' '		1,464
	内部 投资组合 ¹ In-house portfolio ¹	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	137	137		∞	11 11	126
	合计 Total	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	1,826 95 (219) (42)	1,660	37 4 4 4 46	13 2 2 2 1	18	1,596
2	由外聘投资 经理管理的 投资组合 ³ Portfolios managed by external fund managers ³	百万元 (補币) HKSM	- 95 (219) (42)	(166)	7.6 4 4 8	w '	53	(219)
2022	外汇基金 存款 ² Placements with the Exchange Fund ²	百万元 (港币) HKSM	1,775	1,775				1,775
	内部 投资组合「 In-house portfolio」	百万元 (梯币) HKSM	51	51		8	= =	40
(e) FUNDS MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT		INCOME	Interest income Dividend income Net realised and revaluation (losses)/gains Net exchange (losses)/gains	TOTAL INCOME	EXPENDITURE Investment expenditure Fund managers' fees Custodian's fees Other investment expenditure Sub-total	Recurrent expenditure Personal emoluments Other recurrent expenditure Depreciation and amortisation Share of corporate supervision and support services expenses	Sub-total TOTAL EXPENDITURE	Surplus/(deficit) for the year
(e) 资金管理帐目		梭人	利息收入 股島收入 已实现和重估(亏损)/ 收益净额 汇兑(亏损)/收益净额	总收入	开支 投资开支 投资经理费用 保管人费用 其他投资开支 小计	经常开支 新酬 其他经常开支 折旧及雄销 分担机构监督及支援服务支出	小计 总开支	年内盈余/(赤字)

¹ 内部投资组合包括以本金额列帐的银行存款。

The In-house portfolio comprises bank deposits stated at their principal amounts.

² Placements with the Exchange Fund include the total principal sums and any interest credited but not yet withdrawn at the reporting date. The balance is measured at amortised cost. 2 外汇基金存款包括本金总额和报告日期已入帐但尚未提取的利息。结余以摊销成本计量。

由外轉投资经理管理的投资组合,主要包括以公平值计量的证券,这些证券最初按公平值列帐。公平值于每个报告日期重新计量,其变动所引致的重估价值损益,会在资金管理帐目内确认。 Portfolios managed by external fund managers mainly include securities measured at fair value and initially stated at fair value. At the reporting date, the fair value is remeasured with any resultant revaluation gains or losses being recognised in the Funds Management Account.

房委会与政府之间的财政安排所需的补充资料(续) SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER THE FINANCIAL ARRANGEMENTS WITH THE GOVERNMENT (Continued) 28

(f) AGENCY ACCOUNT

(f) 代管服务帐目

			2022	22			20	2021	
		代理工作「	代管服务2	监督由政府付 还款项的工程 ³	中	代理工作「	代管服务2	监督由政府付 还款项的工程 ³	中中
		Agency Functions ¹	Agency Management Services ²	Supervision of Government Reimbursable Projects ³	Total	Agency Functions 1	Agency Management Services ²	Supervision of Government Reimbursable Projects ³	Total
		百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (補币) HK\$M	百万元 (湖市) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M	百万元 (港币) HK\$M
收入	INCOME								
监督费	Supervision fee	,	175	•	175	,	168	,	168
监督工作间接成本 政府付还的款项	Supervision on-costs Amount reimbursed by Government	522	84	124	208 523	459	75	159	234 459
总收入	TOTAL INCOME	522	259	125	906	459	243	159	861
开支	EXPENDITURE								
养劑州	Personal emoluments	423	146	111	089	364	151	126	641
维修及改善工程	Maintenance and improvements	-	œ	-	10	2	∞	П	11
其他经常开支	Other recurrent expenditure	95	14	12	121	38	11	16	92
折旧及摊销 分担机构监督及支援服务支出	Depreciation and amortisation Share of corporate supervision and	ဗ	4	9	13	2	ε.	15	20
	support services expenses	1	8	80	17	1	6	10	20
总开支	TOTAL EXPENDITURE	523	180	138	841	407	182	168	757
未经调整年内盈余/(赤字)	Surplus/(deficit) for the year before adjustments	(1)	67	(13)	99	52	61	(6)	104
承接上年度的多收服务费	Over recovery brought forward	62	•		62	23		•	23
年内结算的多收服务费	Over recovery settled during the year	(62)			(62)	(23)		1	(23)
结转下年度的多收服务费	Over recovery carried forward	(1)	,		(1)	(62)		,	(62)
年内盈余/(赤字)	Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(2)	79	(13)	64	(10)	61	(6)	42

房委会以代理人身分,代政府执行屋宇管制、私营房屋、上诉委员会(房屋)、安置受清拆影响居民和支援服务的职能。

The Authority acts as an agent for the Government for building control, private housing, appeal panel (housing, rehousing of occupants upon clearance and support services.

² 易委会代其他机构管理物业,并就这种服务收取监督费。代管的物业包括已落成的居屋屋苑,以及祈售物业所在屋顿的公用地方。 2 The Authority manages properties on behalf of other parties and charges a supervision fee for the services rendered. This covers the management of completed Home Ownership courts and the common area of the estates with properties divested.

房泰会提供监督服务的工程计有兴建新屋顿内的学校、福利和其他社区用途设施;租住屋顿内政府建筑物加建、改建、改善和外部保养工程;以及管理和维修毗邻屋顿的斜坡。房委会向承办商支付费用,并获政府付还款项,包括 提供监督服务的全部成本。

The Authority provides supervision services for building of schools, welfare and other community facilities in new estates, additions, alterations, improvements and external maintenance of Government buildings in rental estates, as well as management and maintenance of slopes adjacent to estates. The Authority pays the contractors and obtains reimbursement from the Government including full cost of the supervision services.

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